## Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization

# 2013-2017 Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan



Prepared for the Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Executive Policy Committee

Final

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### **Executive Summary**

Providing transportation for persons with disabilities, seniors, and individuals with low income can be a difficult task, yet one that is necessary to ensure these individuals have access to vital services, such as employment, healthcare, education and recreation. Many organizations provide transportation throughout the Rapid City metropolitan area, however there are many individuals and organizations needing additional service to areas not covered or during times not available by these transportation providers. In order to create a better transportation system, coordination and planning must take place among transportation providers, organizations seeking more transportation options and the public in need of additional transportation service.

The Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO) Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan seeks to provide more transportation options and improve transportation service for seniors, persons with disabilities and individuals with low incomes by identifying gaps in transportation service and providing strategies and setting priorities to help fill these gaps. This plan has been created through coordinated efforts by public transit providers, human service agencies and key stakeholders, and meets the requirements of Section 5310 under MAP-21 which requires a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan for federal public transportation funding.

Input for this plan came from several sources, including: a steering committee consisting of human service agencies, public transit providers, senior center representatives, non-profit and religious organizations; two public meetings; and an online survey.

#### Gaps and Needs

Major gaps and needs include:

- Transit service is limited. Service is needed later at night, on Sundays, and to areas outside of the city limits, such as Rapid Valley and Box Elder.
- Transit information can be difficult to understand.
- Transit service is too expensive for many people.
- There is a need for more bus stops, especially ones that are accessible for those who use wheelchairs.
- Need qualified, pre-approved volunteer drivers.
- Need to learn more about the liability issues related to the use of volunteers.
- Need access to locations not on the transit routes, such as the Department of Motor Vehicles, Feeding South Dakota Food Bank, Western Dakota Tech, and medical facilities located throughout town.

#### <u>Strategies</u>

Strategies that were identified to fill the gaps in service include:

- Provide educational programs for agencies interested in learning more about existing transit service.
- Determine need and perform a cost/benefit analysis for providing transportation service outside of city limits, in the evening and on Sundays.
- Increase the number of bus shelters and make more shelters and bus stops ADA accessible.
- Create a day-pass to allow riders to get on and off an unlimited number of times during the day.
- Hire a mobility manager to help coordinate services, recruit and manage volunteers, oversee compensation for drivers, and schedule rides.
- Use new technologies, online services or social media applications to make transportation information, options and services more accessible.
- Research and interview agencies that have had success coordinating services.

#### Priorities for Implementation

Each strategy was identified as having either a short-term or long-term priority. A short-term priority is one that can be completed in the next couple of years, and may already be in place or would not require an extensive new system. A long-term priority is one that will take longer than two years, may require a new system, and may be expensive.

Strategies that were identified as <u>short-term</u> include:

- Strategies related to educating the public and agencies on the existing transit service.
- Strategies related to making the transit information more accessible and easier to understand.
- Strategies related to providing transit service in the evenings and on weekends.
- Strategies related to learning more about other agencies that have had success in coordinating services, and how to handle liability issues.

Strategies that were identified as <u>long-term</u> include:

- Hiring a mobility manager.
- Creating more bus shelters.
- Making the bus stops more ADA accessible.
- Creating a database of volunteers and people who need transportation to areas outside of the public transit routes.

### 1. Introduction

For persons with disabilities, seniors, and individuals with low income, a lack of transportation options can present a particularly difficult situation. For persons with disabilities, not having access to a wheelchair-equipped vehicle may mean staying at home and missing a medical appointment or social event. For persons with low income or without access to a vehicle, living far from a transit route or not being able to afford to ride the bus may mean the difference between landing a job or passing on the opportunity. Seniors without access to transportation may feel less independent and more inclined to move to a nursing facility.

The Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization's (MPO) Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan provides strategies and priorities intended to help public transit providers, human service agencies and key stakeholders coordinate and streamline transportation services specifically designed for seniors, persons with disabilities and individuals with low incomes. The plan will create an inventory of available transportation services in the Rapid City Area MPO region, identify the transportation needs and gaps in the region, suggest strategies to fill the needs and gaps, and set priorities to implement these strategies. Desired outcomes of the plan include: an increased awareness of existing transportation options; a more cost-effective transportation system where agencies share resources and costs such as for the purchase, maintenance and storage of vehicles; improved transportation access to services and destinations such as to medical appointments, employment, job training, and shopping destinations throughout the Rapid City Area MPO region; and a reduction in duplicated transportation services. These desired outcomes will require long-term continued coordination and communication among the agencies interested in achieving these goals.

The plan has been developed through a collaborative effort with area human services transportation providers, public transit agencies, and the general public with the intention of improving existing coordination of services while enhancing access to the transportation challenged populations of the region.

### 2. Legislation

In 2012, Congress approved the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) transportation law, becoming the nation's newest federal transportation legislation, requiring a locally developed coordinated public transithuman services transportation plan for projects funded from Section 5310: Elderly Individuals and Individuals with Disabilities.

Under MAP-21, the Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC) and the New Freedom programs were discontinued; however, JARC is now funded under

Section 5307: the Urbanized Area Formula program as well as Section 5311: the Rural Area Formula program. The New Freedom program is now funded under Section 5310: the Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities program. Funds for those programs are still available for obligation and expenditure through the authorization period, unless and until Congress takes action directing otherwise.

Section 5310 is currently the only program that requires a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan for federal public transportation funding. The plan must be developed and approved through a process that includes participation by seniors, individuals with disabilities, representatives of public, private, and nonprofit transportation and human services providers, and other members of the public; and to the maximum extent feasible, the services funded under this section will be coordinated with transportation services assisted by other federal departments and agencies, including any transportation activities carried out by a recipient of a grant from the Department of Health and Human Services.

### 3. Guiding Principles

Improving transportation and access to services, healthcare and employment is important to the Rapid City area citizens and the local economy. Oftentimes the transportation needs of seniors and persons with disabilities are overlooked as it is assumed public transit can accommodate their needs. The reality is some people need specialized or enhanced service requiring door-to-door transportation. The development of this document utilizes several principles to ensure that the transportation needs of these population groups are met. Following are the guiding principles for the plan:

<u>Improve Access to Employment</u> - Improve access for low income households, the elderly and the disabled community to industries and areas of employment.

<u>Improve Access to Job-Related Support Services</u> - Improve access to job-related support services such as education, vocational and skills training, and child-care.

<u>Improve Access to Services</u> - Improve access to healthcare, business, welfare, retail, public and human services.

<u>Improve Coordination</u> – Encourage a coordinated approach bringing together public transportation, private non-profit transportation providers, human service agencies and other stakeholders in a collaborative process.

<u>Enhance Transportation Options</u> - Address travel needs during times of the day and on days of the week that correspond with local needs. A network of services

may offer alternatives and options to address varying needs.

<u>Use Resources Effectively</u> - Implement cost-effective design and delivery of services in order to provide maximum levels of transportation to the community. Reducing operating costs for transportation providers may be realized through shared services such as: vehicle procurement, vehicle maintenance, and driver sharing and screening. The Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan aims to follow these principles by emphasizing the best and highest use of existing resources and services to help leverage Section 5310 funds to address priority needs.

### 4. Planning Area

The following maps were created in order to learn more about the residents living in the region for whom the plan seeks to serve, namely persons with disabilities, seniors and individuals with low income. While the source of the data varies, the latest available data was used.

#### 4.1 Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Boundary

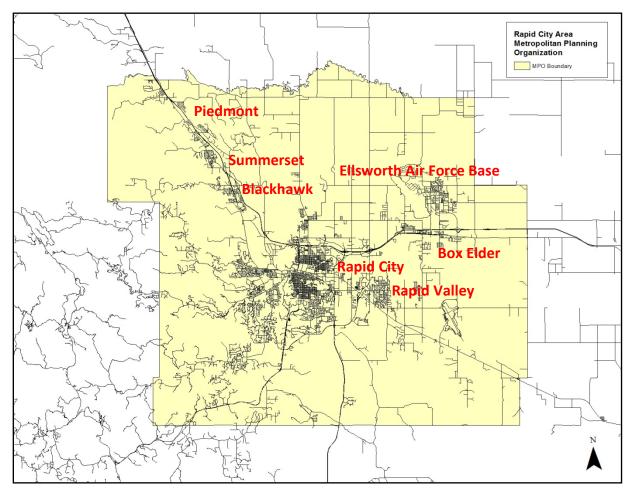


Figure 1 Rapid City Area MPO boundary.

Based on 2010 Census data, as well as the building permits from May 2010 through December 2012, the Rapid City Area MPO's population is estimated at approximately 107,000. This includes residents living in Rapid City, Rapid Valley, Box Elder, Ellsworth Air Force Base, Blackhawk, Summerset and Piedmont located in Pennington and Meade counties. Rapid City's population is estimated at 69,529.

#### 4.2 Employment in Rapid City

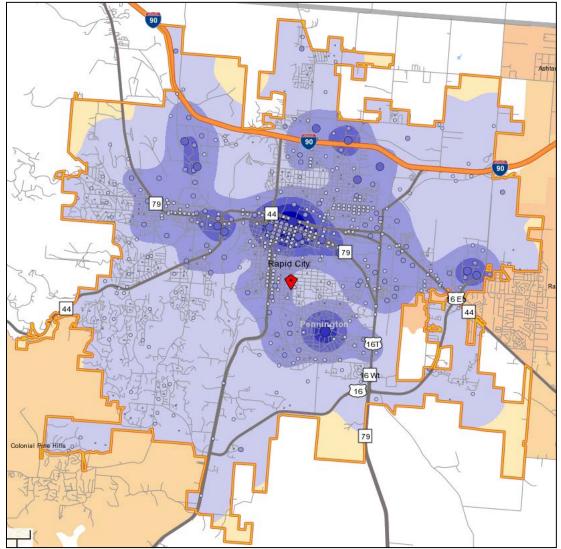


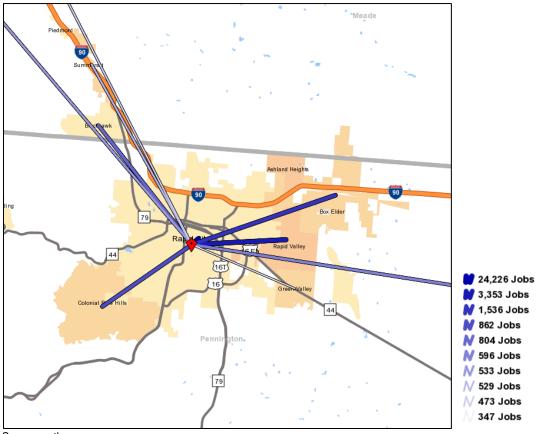
Figure 2 Employment locations in Rapid City in 2011.

Source: onthemap.census.gov.

5 - 737 Jobs/Sq.Mile
738 - 2,936 Jobs/Sq.Mile
2,937 - 6,600 Jobs/Sq.Mile
6,601 - 11,729 Jobs/Sq.Mile
11,730 - 18,325 Jobs/Sq.Mile
1 - 6 Jobs
7 - 96 Jobs
97 - 482 Jobs
483 - 1,521 Jobs
1,522 - 3,714 Jobs
Malysis Selection

Areas of major employment concentrations in Rapid City include locations downtown, near the Rapid City Regional Hospital and nearby medical centers, Rushmore Mall, the intersection of Mountain View Road and Main Street West, along Deadwood Avenue, and on Elk Vale Road adjacent to Rapid Valley.

In 2011, there were approximately 46,000 jobs in the City of Rapid City. Approximately 22,000 people lived outside of Rapid City and worked in Rapid City, 24,000 lived and worked in Rapid City, and 5,700 people lived in Rapid City but worked outside the city limits.



#### Figure 3 Home locations of Rapid City employees in 2011

Source: onthemap.census.gov.

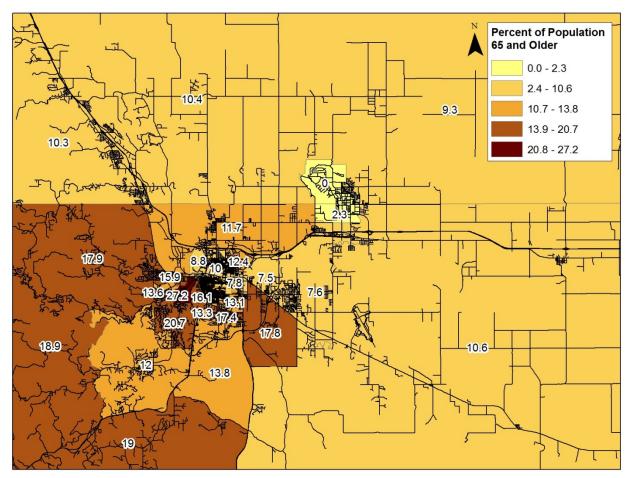
Table 1 Home location of Rapid City employees in 2011.

Jobs Counts by Places (Cities, CDPs, etc.) Where Workers Live - All Jobs						
	2011					
	Count	Share				
All Places (Cities, CDPs, etc.)	46,526	100.0%				
Rapid City city, SD	24,226	52.1%				
Rapid Valley CDP, SD	3,353	7.2%				
Box Elder city, SD	1,536	3.3%				
Colonial Pine Hills CDP, SD	862	1.9%				
Blackhawk CDP, SD	804	1.7%				
Sioux Falls city, SD	596	1.3%				
Spearfish city, SD	533	1.1%				
Summerset city, SD	529	1.1%				
Sturgis city, SD	473	1.0%				
Green Valley CDP, SD	347	0.7%				
All Other Locations	13,267	28.5%				

Source: onthemap.census.gov.

As table 1 above shows, employees living in Rapid Valley and Box Elder represent approximately 10 percent of all of Rapid City's employees. Figure 3 above shows the map corresponding to these locations.

#### 4.3 Seniors



#### Figure 4 Percentage of population 65 years old and older in MPO region.

Source: 2010 Census Tracts.

Figure 4 above shows the percentage of people aged 65 years and older in the Rapid City metropolitan region. Box Elder and the Ellsworth Air Force Base have the lowest percentage of people in this age group at 2.3 and 0 percent, respectively, while the southwest section of the region has the highest percentage of seniors, with one tract as high as 27.2 percent.

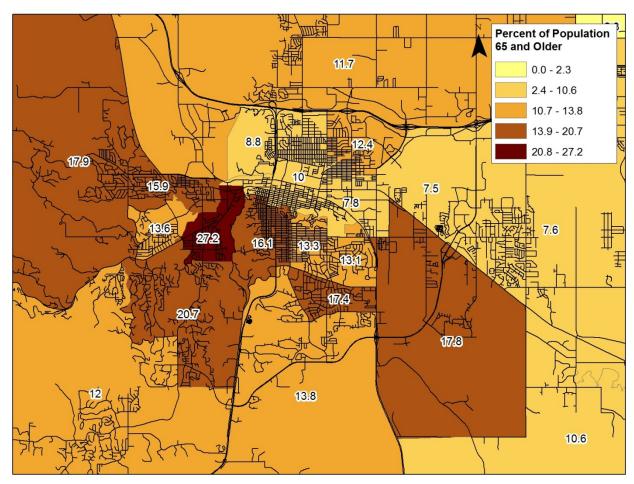


Figure 5 Percentage of population 65 years old and older in Rapid City.

Source: 2010 Census Tracts.

A closer view of Rapid City shows the highest percentage of persons aged 65 and older living in the neighborhood along Jackson Boulevard extending to Sheridan Lake Road. This tract has 703 people aged 65 and older, representing 27.2 percent of the population. The tract located south and west of this tract has 1267 people aged 65 and older, representing 20.7 percent of the population. The neighborhoods located directly north and east of downtown have the lowest percentage of persons aged 65 and older, with percentages as low as 7.5 percent.

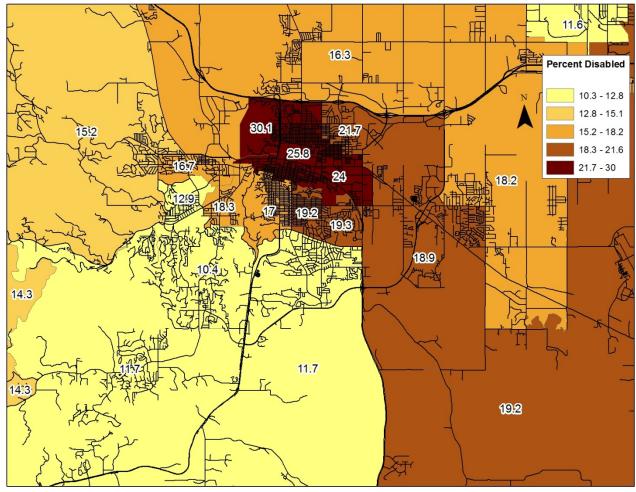
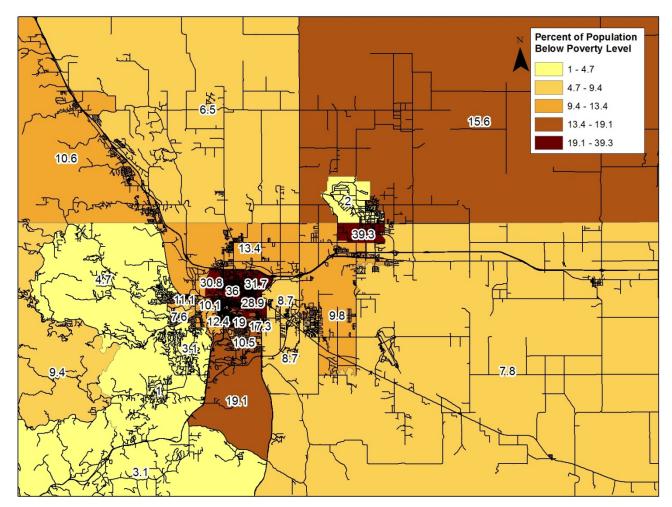


Figure 6 Percentage of population with a disability in Rapid City.

Source: 2000 Census.

Neighborhoods north and east of downtown Rapid City have the highest percentages of persons with disabilities, while areas south and southwest have the lowest percentages of persons with disabilities. Approximately 800 residents located in the neighborhood located east of I-190 are disabled, representing 30.1 percent of the population in that Census Tract. The three Census Tracts located north of downtown have a total of 2,774 persons with disabilities.

#### 4.4 Low Income



#### Figure 7 Percentage of population living below poverty level in MPO region.

Source: 2007-2011 ACS 5-Year Estimates.

The Census Tract located near Box Elder has the highest percentage of residents living below the poverty level in the entire region at 39.3 percent, representing 212 out of 539 people in the tract. Areas north of downtown Rapid City also have a high percentage of people living below the poverty level with rates ranging from 30 to 36 percent. The southwest section of the region has the lowest percentage of people living below the poverty level.

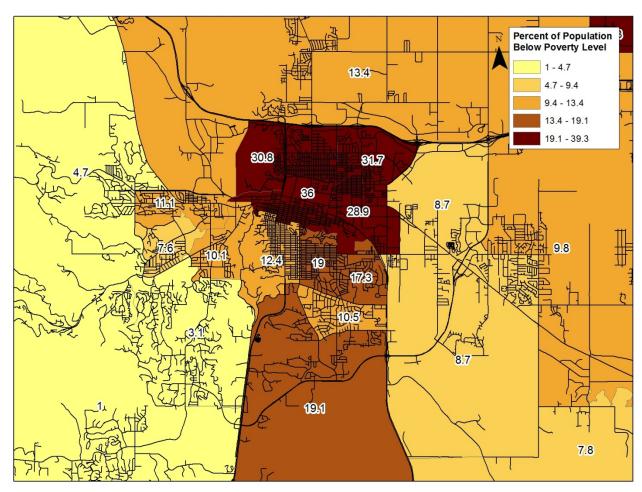


Figure 8 Percentage of population living below poverty level in Rapid City.

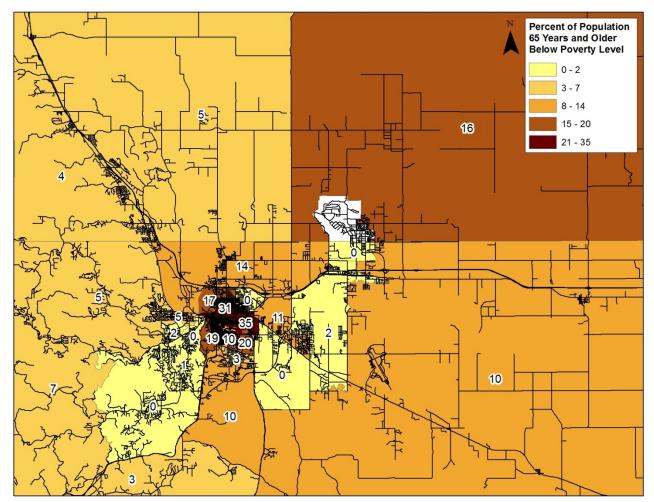
Source: 2007-2011 ACS 5-Year Estimates.

A closer look at Rapid City shows that a fourth to a third of all residents living in the neighborhoods located in the north side of Rapid City are living below the poverty level.

Highest Rates of Poverty in Rapid City by Tract						
Percentage in Poverty	Residents in Poverty					
30.8%	1047					
36.0%	1625					
31.7%	1320					
28.9%	767					

The southwest section of Rapid City has the lowest percentage of residents living below the poverty level.

Figure 9 Percentage of population 65 years old and older living below poverty level in MPO region.



Source: 2007-2011 ACS 5-Year Estimates

The highest percentage of seniors in the region living below the poverty level is found in Rapid City in the Census Tracts located just north and east of downtown. The tract with the most seniors living below the poverty level is located east of downtown with 35 percent of its residents aged 65 and older living below the poverty level. Areas in the southwest, west and in Box Elder have very low percentages of seniors living below the poverty level.

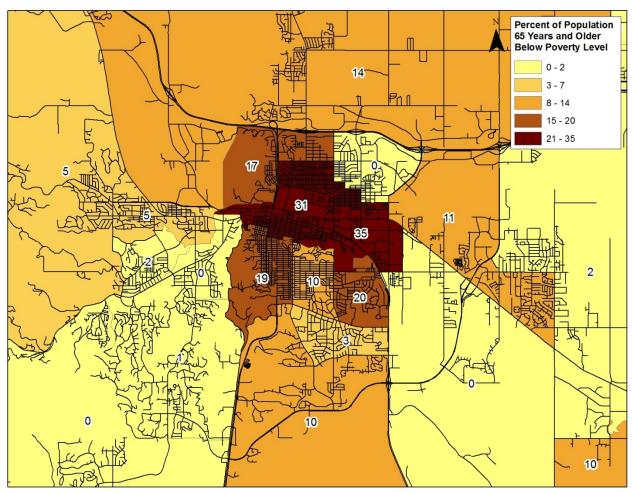


Figure 10 Percentage of population 65 years old and older living in Rapid City.

Source: 2007-2011 ACS 5-Year Estimate.

Neighborhoods closest to downtown Rapid City have the highest percentage of seniors living below the poverty level. The tract located north of downtown with 31 percent of its residents aged 65 and older living below the poverty level represents 214 out of 698 senior-aged residents. The tract with 35 percent of its residents aged 65 and older living below the poverty level represents 97 out of 280 senior-aged residents. Areas in the southwest and southeast side of Rapid City have the lowest percentage of seniors living below the poverty level.

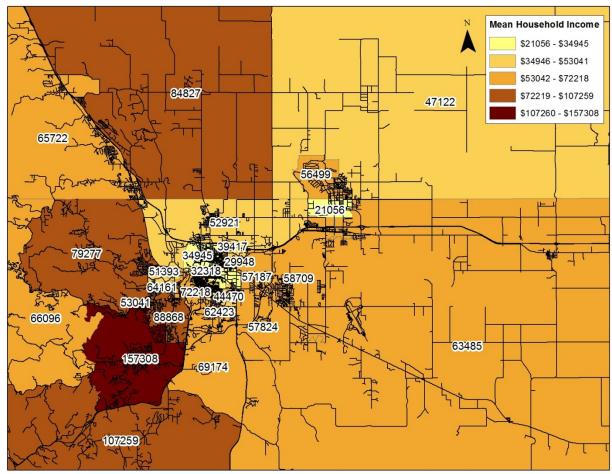


Figure 11 Mean household incomes in MPO region.

Source: 2007-2011 ACS 5-Year Estimate.

The Census Tract located near Box Elder has the lowest mean household income in the entire region at \$21,056. Households north, south and west of Rapid City tend to have higher mean household incomes than those households living in Rapid City's city limits. The Census Tracts located on the southwest section of Rapid City have the highest mean income. The Box Elder Census Tract's mean income is only 13 percent of the highest mean income in this area, which is \$157,308.

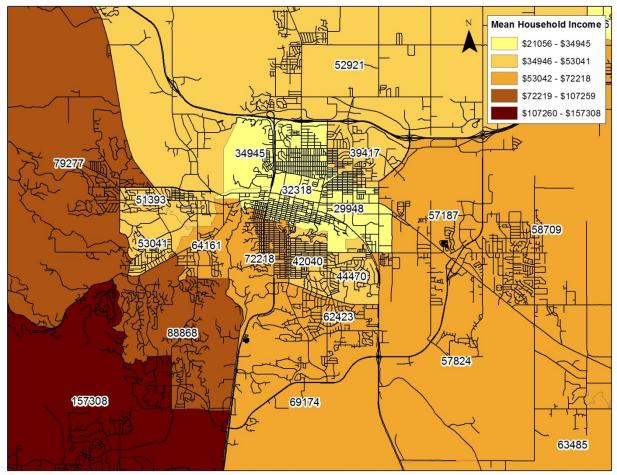
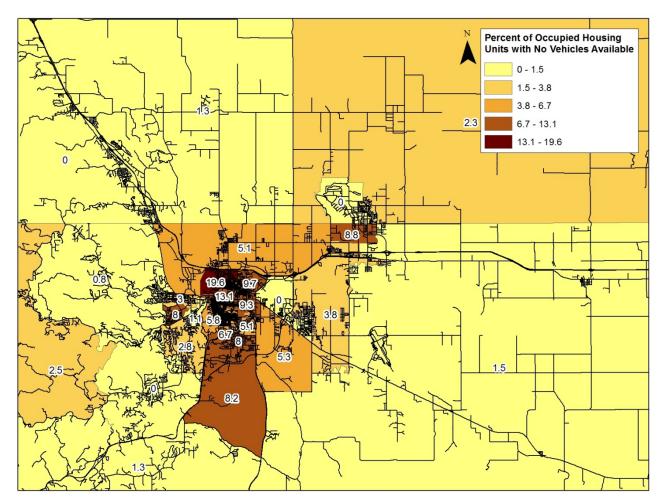


Figure 12 Mean household incomes in Rapid City.

Source: 2007-2011 ACS 5-Year Estimate.

The households with the lowest mean income in Rapid City are found north and east of downtown, ranging from \$29,948 to approximately \$35,000. Households in the southwest section of town have the highest mean household income, ranging from \$88,868 to \$157,308.

#### 4.5 Households without Vehicles



#### Figure 13 Percentage of households with no vehicle available in the MPO area.

Source: ACS 2007-2011 5-Year Estimate.

Areas with the highest percentage of occupied housing units without access to a vehicle in the entire Rapid City Area MPO region are grouped close to downtown Rapid City as well as in Box Elder. The Census Tract located east of I-190 and north of Omaha Street has the highest percentage of occupied housing units without access to a vehicle at 19.6 percent, representing 274 out of 1401 housing units. Those living farther away from downtown generally have greater access to vehicles.

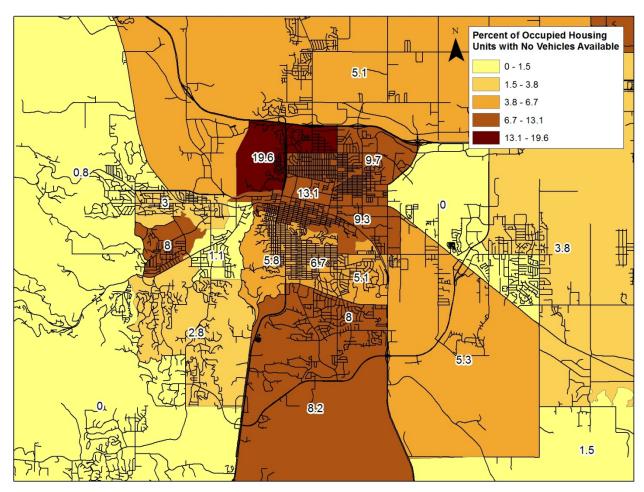


Figure 14 Percentage of households with no vehicle available in Rapid City.

Source: ACS 2007-2011 5-Year Estimate.

When looking more closely at Rapid City, the areas with the highest percentages of housing units without access to a vehicle are located in the four Census Tracts located north of downtown, having the following percentages: 19.6, 13.1, 9.7 and 9.3. These four tracts have a total of 824 out of 6376 housing units without access to a vehicle for a combined percentage of approximately 13 percent. This area contains several low-income apartment buildings.

#### Summary of Planning Area

Overall, the north side of Rapid City has a high concentration of residents living below the poverty level, with disabilities and with low access to vehicles. A high percentage of older residents reside in the southwest section of Rapid City. Major areas of employment include downtown Rapid City and near the Rapid City Regional Hospital. Approximately 10 percent of Rapid City's work force lives in either Rapid Valley or Box Elder.

### **5. Transportation Providers**

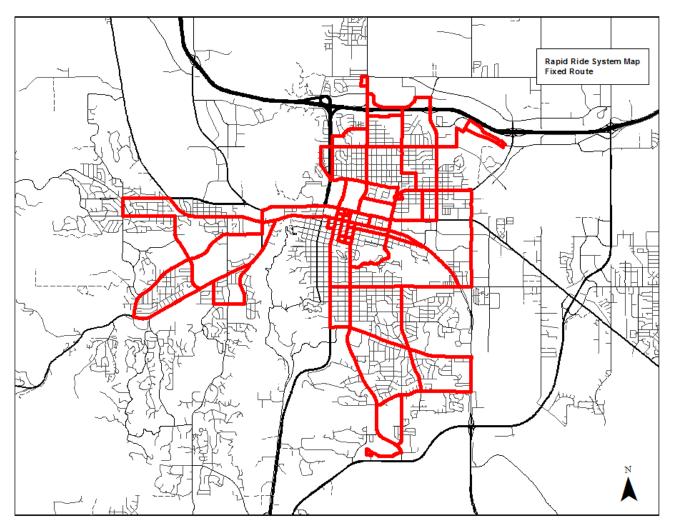
The Rapid City area has a number of transportation options, ranging from public transportation providers to private non-profit human service providers. This section will briefly describe the transportation services from the organizations that completed the online survey or provided information over the telephone. Appendix A - Inventory of Transportation Providers, Sponsors and Participating Agencies also contains a list of these agencies with some additional information not provided in this section.

#### 5.1 Public Transit Providers

#### Rapid Transit System

Rapid Transit System, based in Rapid City, provides both fixed-route and demand-response services within the Rapid City city limits.

#### Figure 15 Rapid Ride system map



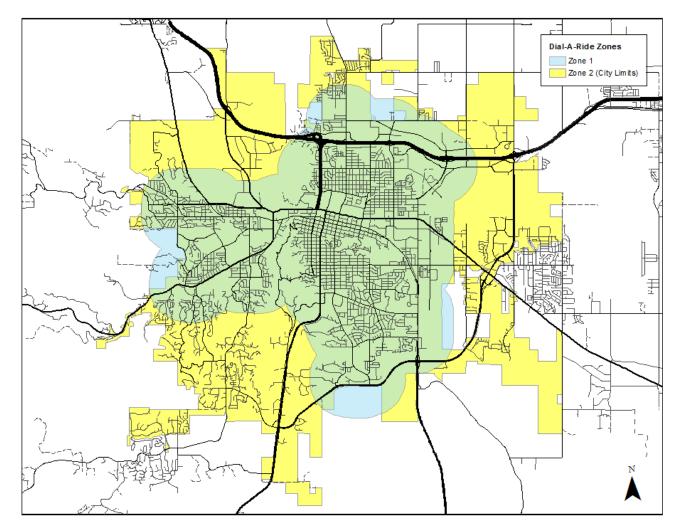
Rapid Ride, the fixed-route bus service, operates six routes within the city limits. Each route includes two separate runs, such as a north run and a south run. Each run lasts 35 minutes and begins and ends at the Milo Barber Transportation Center, located at 333 Sixth Street in Rapid City. All buses are lift-equipped to meet special needs of clients.



The hours of operation are from 6:20 A.M. through 5:50 P.M. on weekdays and 9:50 A.M. through 4:40 P.M on Saturdays. There is no service on Sundays.

The fare for adults is \$1.50 per trip. Seniors (60 years and older), persons with disabilities and Medicare card holders pay half-fare of 75 cents. Children who are four

years old and younger are free. Monthly passes are available for adults (\$30) and students (\$20). Transfers are free.



#### Figure 16 Dial-A-Ride service area and zones

Dial-A-Ride is Rapid Transit's curb-to-curb transit service. This service is only available to individuals who qualify under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Like the fixed-route service, Dial-A-Ride is only available within the city limits of Rapid City.



The hours of operation are from 6:20 A.M. through 5:50 P.M. on weekdays and 8:00 A.M through 7:00 P.M. on Saturdays. There is no service on Sundays. Trips must be scheduled at least one day in advance. Drivers are unable to assist riders beyond the door or ground level of any residence, and will not help load or unload any personal items.

Dial-A-Ride fares vary depending on the zone. Trips within three-fourths of a mile of the fixed-route service are charged \$3 per trip. A ten-punch coupon is available for \$27.00. Trips outside this zone, but within the city limits pay \$3.50 per trip. A ten-punch coupon for trips in this zone costs \$31.50.

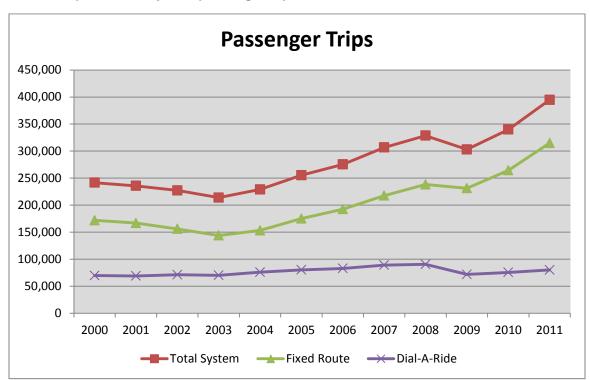
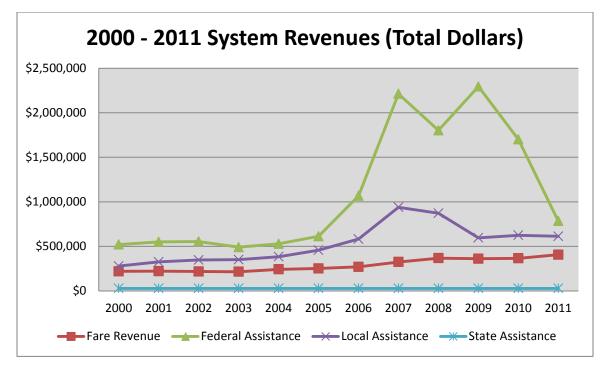


Table 2 Rapid Transit System passenger trips, 2000 to 2011.

Year	Fixed	Dial-A- Ride	Total
2000	171,810	69,660	241,470
2001	166,750	68,884	235,634
2002	155,988	71,166	227,154
2003	143,823	70,065	213,888
2004	153,110	75,899	229,009
2005	175,140	80,176	255,316
2006	192,452	82,852	275,304
2007	217,617	89,003	306,620
2008	238,125	90,388	328,513
2009	231,150	71,780	302,930
2010	264,378	75,406	339,784
2011	314,815	79,995	394,810

Source: National Transit Database.





	Fare	Federal	Local	State
Year	Revenue	Assistance	Assistance	Assistance
2000	\$219,771	\$520,640	\$279,163	\$28,425
2001	\$221,481	\$549,886	\$325,676	\$28,425
2002	\$217,858	\$554,400	\$346,951	\$28,425
2003	\$215,469	\$490,681	\$351,171	\$28,425
2004	\$242,458	\$528,314	\$383,984	\$28,425
2005	\$251,726	\$612,993	\$456,645	\$28,425
2006	\$270,344	\$1,067,323	\$582,296	\$28,425
2007	\$325,191	\$2,212,071	\$939,173	\$28,425
2008	\$367,777	\$1,802,372	\$871,506	\$28,425
2009	\$361,237	\$2,294,297	\$595,858	\$28,425
2010	\$366,107	\$1,700,511	\$624,677	\$28,425
2011	\$406,993	\$784,378	\$613,112	\$28,425

Source: National Transit Database.

Rapid Transit receives federal assistance under FTA Sections 5307 and 5339.

#### Prairie Hills Transit

Prairie Hills Transit, based in Spearfish, provides transportation for persons of all ages and abilities, including those who may require specialized services such as demand-response, program and Medicaid medical transportation. Service is provided in Butte, Meade, Lawrence, Fall River, Custer and Pennington counties.

Fares vary depending on the location. A one-way trip within one community for persons less than 60 years old costs \$1.50. Persons 60 or older are encouraged to make a \$1.50 donation per trip. Trips within Deadwood – Central City – Lead – Pluma are \$2.50 for the general public and a suggested donation of \$2.50 for seniors 60 and over.

Fares for residents below the age of 60 in the Northern Hills region are priced as follows (donations accepted for seniors 60 and older):

Northern Hills Region										
City to City	Rapid City	Spearfish	Belle Fourche	Newell	Nisland	Vale	Sturgis	Whitewood	St. Onge	Deadwood Lead Central City
Rapid City		\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00
Spearfish	\$10.00		\$5.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$3.00	\$3.00	\$8.00
Belle Fourche	\$10.00	\$5.00		\$5.00	\$3.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$10.00
Newell	\$10.00	\$12.00	\$5.00		\$3.00	\$3.00	\$10.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$12.00
Nisland	\$10.00	\$12.00	\$3.00	\$3.00		\$5.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00
Vale	\$10.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$3.00	\$5.00		\$5.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$12.00
Sturgis	\$10.00	\$8.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$5.00		\$3.00	\$3.00	\$8.00
Whitewood	\$10.00	\$3.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$3.00		\$3.00	\$8.00
St. Onge	\$10.00	\$3.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$3.00	\$3.00		\$5.00
Deadwood Lead Central City	\$10.00	\$8.00	\$10.00	\$12.00	\$10.00	\$12.00	\$8.00	\$8.00	\$5.00	

#### Table 4 Prairie Hills Transit Northern Hills fare rate.

Fares for residents below the age of 60 in the Southern Hills region are priced as follows (donations accepted for seniors 60 and older):

 Table 5 Prairie Hills Transit Southern Hills fare rate.

Southern Hills Region							
City to City Rapid City Custer Hot Springs Edgeme							
Rapid City		\$10.00	\$10.00	\$10.00			
Custer	\$10.00		\$10.00	\$10.00			
Hot Springs	\$10.00	\$10.00		\$5.00			
Edgemont	\$10.00	\$10.00	\$5.00				

Prairie Hills Transit currently coordinates services by providing phone, website, system software, and telephone support.

#### 5.2 Private Non-Profit Human Services

#### Behavior Management Systems

Behavior Management Systems (BMS) of Rapid City is a private non-profit human services agency that provides transportation for staff when conducting outreach services to clients, and, on limited basis, from site to site for clients. Transportation is provided Monday through Friday. BMS serves seniors, persons with disabilities, low-income, youth and the general public. Their service area includes Pennington, Meade, Lawrence, Butte, Custer, Fall River and Shannon Counties. BMS has 36 vehicles and 50 paid drivers. Services are funded by charging clients and through the Mental Health services on a limited basis. Top destinations include community health centers, Wal-Mart, Pennington County Housing, and various Rapid City schools. BMS also provides transit tickets or passes to its clientele.

#### Black Hills Works

Black Hills Works provides direct transportation as well as transit tickets or passes to its clientele, mainly consisting of persons with disabilities. Transportation is provided every day, 24 hours a day. Black Hills Works has 63 vehicles, 13 of which are wheelchair equipped. Transportation services include demand-response, program transportation, Medicaid medial transportation,



group activities and transportation to and from work. All employees are eligible to drive their vehicles.

Black Hills Works currently coordinates by providing wheelchair accessible vans to individuals needing transportation to out of town/state medical appointments, providing vehicles to residents of

the city for various functions (i.e. stock show), providing a bus for area churches to use every fall, and providing a wheelchair bus for Ski for Light for a week. They have also provided a vehicle to the American Red Cross for their Memorial Walk and transportation for the Miss Wheelchair Pageant.

#### Club for Boys

The Club for Boys provides program transportation primarily for low-income youth. Transportation is provided from Rapid Valley Elementary, Valley View Elementary, East Middle School, and Robbinsdale Elementary schools to the Club for Boys. They own five vehicles, with one vehicle wheelchair equipped. The Club for Boys has five paid drivers and two volunteer drivers.

They receive funding from the South Dakota Department of Transportation and a 21<sup>st</sup> Century Community Learning Center Grant from the Department of Education.

The Club for Boys is interested in having additional fixed bus routes to stop at the



schools in the morning and designated drop offs after school.

#### Good Samaritan Society New Underwood

The Good Samaritan Society New Underwood is a private non-profit skilled nursing facility that transports residents to medical appointments and facility outings in Pennington and Meade counties through the use of its two vehicles. Hours of operation are Monday through Friday as needed. Major destinations include the Rapid City Regional Hospital, doctors' offices throughout Rapid City, and Sioux Falls.

The Good Samaritan Society New Underwood currently coordinates ambulatory transportation during emergencies and provides transportation for residents from the hospital back to their facility. Family members are also transported whenever possible.

#### **Rural America Initiatives**

Rural America Initiatives' non-profit Head Start Program provides transportation for low-income youth and their families. Service is provided Monday through Friday, 7 A.M. to 4:30 P.M. They have one bus and one paid driver. They also provide transit tickets or passes to its clientele. Rural America Initiatives Head Start Program transportation will be ending in June. Current funding comes from the federal level.

#### Senior Companions of South Dakota

Senior Companions of South Dakota provides transportation for its clients (seniors and individuals with low-income aged 55 and older) to destinations of their choice, such as to grocery stores and for doctor visits in and around Rapid City. Major destinations include Wal-Mart, Family Thrift and other dollar stores. Transportation is provided weekdays from 8 A.M. to 5 P.M. Senior Companions has eight volunteer drivers using their own vehicles. Services are funded through federal and city funds, the Corporation for National and Community Service, the United Way and through donations/fundraising/volunteers.

#### YMCA of Rapid City



The YMCA of Rapid City provides transportation for youth to and from school on a fixed-route, running on weekdays from 7:30 A.M. to 8:30 A.M. and again from 2:00 P.M. to 4:00 P.M. Transportation is also provided for field trips. The YMCA has a total of 10 vehicles, one of which is wheelchair equipped.

#### Youth and Family Services



Youth and Family Services provides transportation primarily for low-income youth within the city of Rapid City. Routes run to the schools and homes of the

program's participants. Transportation is provided weekdays through the use of their 16 buses, one of which is wheelchair equipped. Youth and Family Services has 36 paid staff licensed to drive (along with performing other responsibilities) and receives funds by charging clients, receiving federal aid, and through donations/fundraising/volunteers.

#### 5.3 Other Organizations

#### Airport Express Shuttle

Airport Express Shuttle provides transportation for the general public to and from the Rapid City Regional Airport. They provide service seven days a week, 24 hours a day. Airport Express Shuttle has 15 vehicles, 25 paid drivers and logs over 700,000 miles per year. They are interested in acquiring wheelchair accessible vehicles in order to provide transportation for persons with disabilities.

#### Canyon Lake Senior Center



Canyon Lake Senior Center provides transportation for its members for special trips and entertainment purposes, such as in-town and out-of-town tours. The Center has two vehicles and six volunteer drivers. Services are funded though charging clients, funds from the County, and PCCA funds for maintenance expenses. Canyon Lake Senior Center has not provided transportation for trips in the last five years, though a new activity coordinator plans to begin making trips on a monthly basis.

#### **Disabled American Veterans**



The Disabled American Veterans (DAV) provides transportation for veterans and their families. Transportation includes trips between Rapid City and the VA Black Hills Health Care System in Fort Meade, SD. The DAV has two vehicles and 13 volunteer drivers. Transportation services are free for members. Funding for their services comes from donations.

#### Douglas School District 51-1

Douglas School District 51-1 provides pupil transportation for youth ages 3 to 21. Service is provided weekdays from 6 A.M. to 4:30 P.M. The School District has 32 vehicles, 5 of which are wheelchair lift equipped. They have 25 paid drivers. The School District receives funding from state and federal funds.

#### Word of Hope Church

Word of Hope Church provides program transportation for its members in Rapid City and Box Elder. Service is provided on Sundays from 10 A.M. to 2 P.M., Tuesdays from 4 P.M. to 8 P.M., and Wednesdays from 5 P.M. to 8 P.M. They have two vehicles, none of which are wheelchair lift equipped. Their two drivers are both volunteers. Word of Hope Church receives funding through donations, fundraising and volunteers.

### 6. Public Participation Process

#### 6.1 Public Meetings

Two public meetings were held on April 30, 2013. Postcards were sent to approximately 350 human service agencies, transportation providers, religious organizations, senior living centers, and other organizations throughout the Rapid City metropolitan area, inviting them to attend one of these meetings. The public meetings were also advertised in the Rapid City Journal and the Native Sun News.

Twenty-six people were in attendance at the 10 A.M. meeting and nine people attended the 4 P.M. meeting. The meetings included a discussion on the gaps and needs in transportation services for both the general public and agencies, with the focus on serving people with disabilities, individuals with low incomes and seniors. After a list of gaps and needs was developed, participants created a list of potential strategies to fill these gaps.

#### 6.2 Online Survey

An online survey was created and made available during the months of April and May of 2013. The online survey was used to gather information from several different groups and for several purposes. The groups were divided into two categories: those who represented agencies and those who did not (the general public). Among those who represented an agency, three more categories existed: direct transportation providers, transportation sponsors, and those who do not provide transportation nor sponsor transportation services.

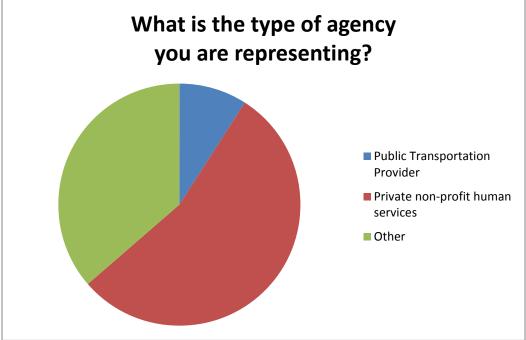
Questions varied depending on the respondent's group. For those who provide transportation services, questions were related to the inventory of transportation vehicles and activities, such as the number of vehicles in use, the seating capacity of the vehicles, and the number of drivers, both paid and volunteer. Transportation sponsors (as well as transportation providers) answered questions related to the number of trips made per year, trip purposes and rider classification (senior, disabled, etc.).

A link to the survey and description of the survey was available on both the City of Rapid City's website as well as Rapid Transit System's website. Additionally, a link to the survey was added to the postcard that was mailed to the 350 stakeholders referenced above. During the two public meetings held on April 30, printed copies of the survey were also made available.

After hosting the survey for approximately 60 days, 37 surveys were completed. Twenty-two of the respondents represented agencies and the remaining fifteen respondents were part of the general public. A copy of the survey is available in Appendix B. The following section shows the survey results from the multiple choice questions. Questions that involved written responses were used to help create the list of transportation needs and gaps (section 7 below) as well as potential strategies to fill these gaps (section 8).

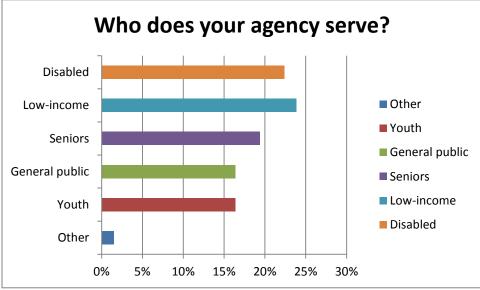
#### 6.2.1 Survey Results for Agencies





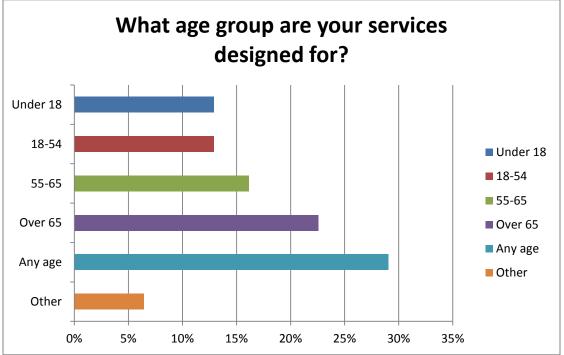
Type of Agency	Total
Public transportation provider	2
Private non-profit human services	12
Other	8

Answers from the "Other" category include: senior citizens, Head Start programs, religious community, and pupil transportation



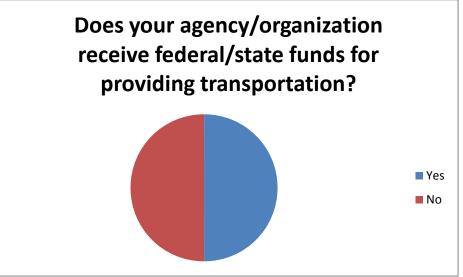
Agency Serves	Total
Low-income	16
Disabled	15
Seniors	13
Youth	11
General public	11
Other	1

Answers from the "Other" category include: the homeless and families of the people listed above.

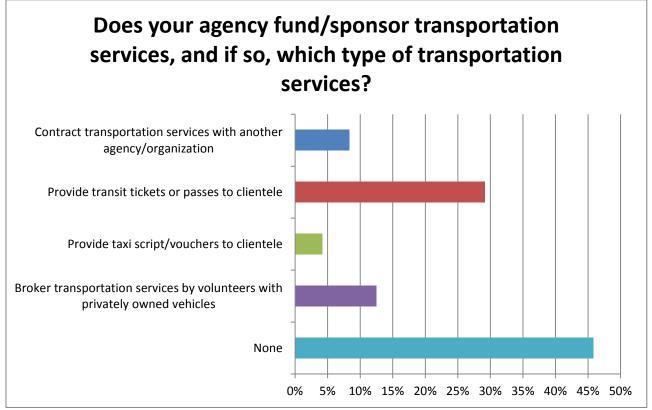


Age Group	Total
Under 18	4
18-54	4
55-65	5
Over 65	7
Any age	9
Other	2

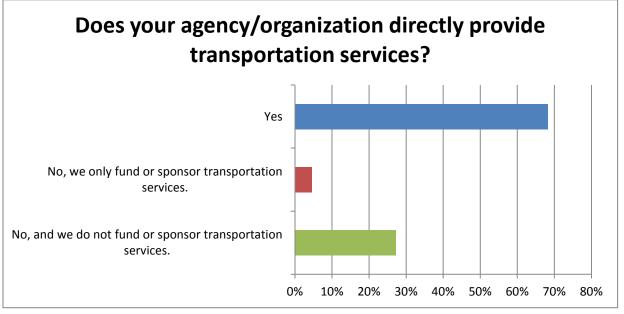
Answers from the "Other" category include: ages 3-21 and 18 and older.



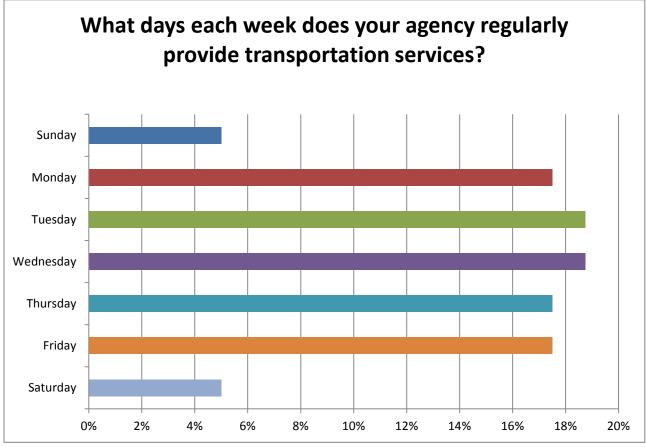
Receives Funds	Total
Yes	11
No	11



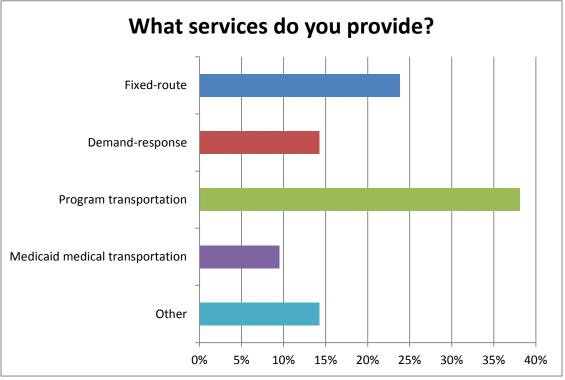
Service Type	Total
Contract transportation services with another agency/organization	2
Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele	7
Provide taxi script/vouchers to clientele	1
Broker transportation services by volunteers with privately owned	
vehicles	3
None	11



Services	Total
Yes	15
No, we only fund or sponsor transportation services.	1
No, and we do not fund or sponsor transportation	
services.	6

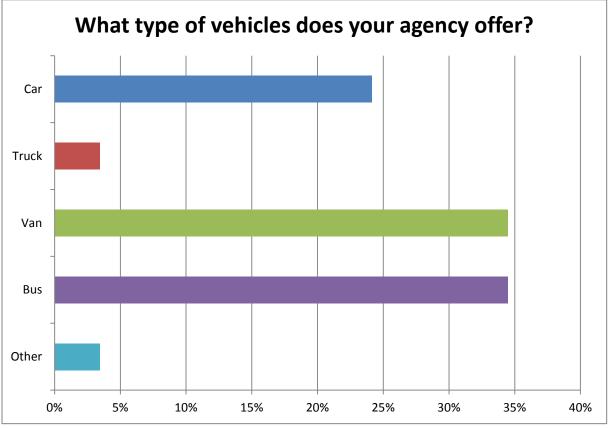


Days	Total
Sunday	4
Monday	14
Tuesday	15
Wednesday	15
Thursday	14
Friday	14
Saturday	4

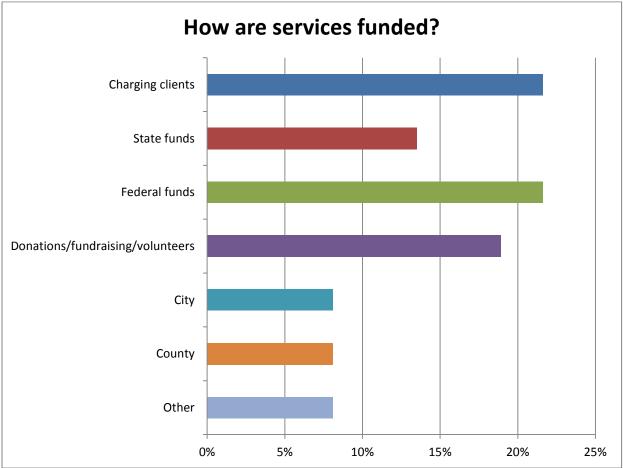


Services	Total
Fixed-route	5
Demand-response	3
Program transportation	8
Medicaid medical transportation	2
Other	5

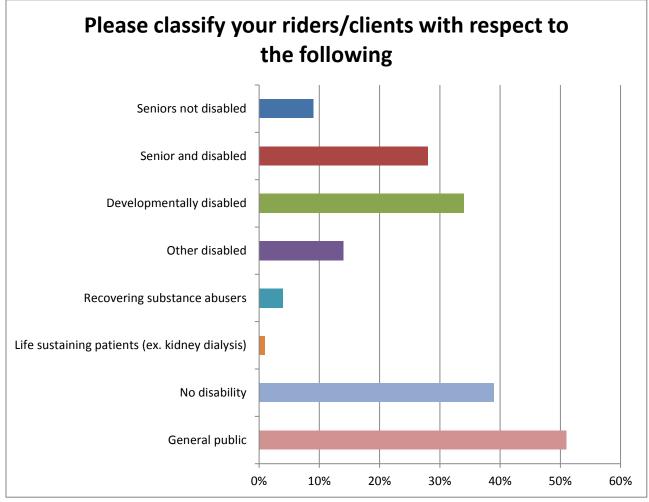
Other responses included: trips for entertainment, group activities, employment, medical appointments, groceries, site to site trips, and facility outings.



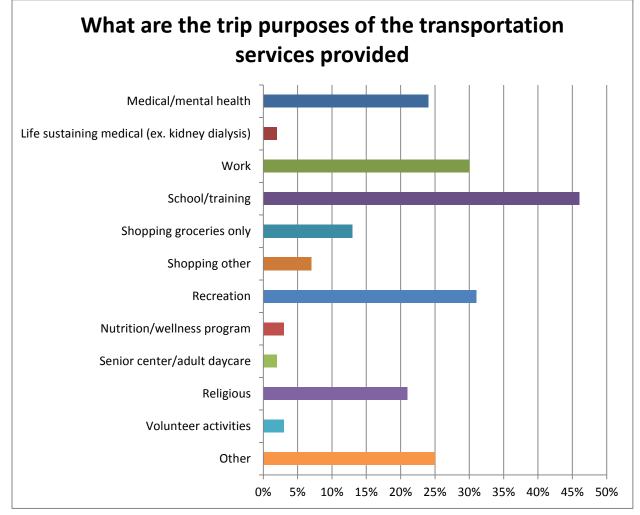
Vehicles	Total
Car	7
Truck	1
Van	10
Bus	10
Other	1



Funding	Total
Charging clients	8
State funds	5
Federal funds	8
Donations/fundraising/volunteers	7
City	3
County	3
Other	3



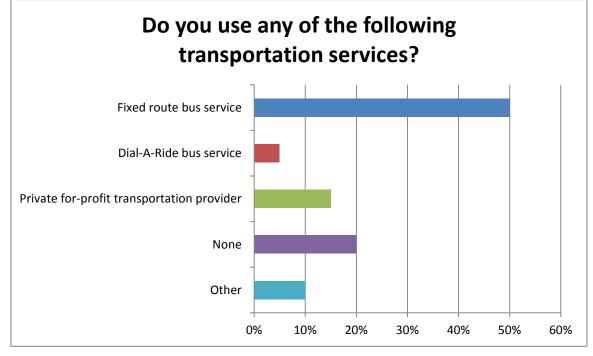
Rider Classification	Average Percent
Seniors not disabled	9%
Senior and disabled	28%
Developmentally disabled	34%
Other disabled	14%
Recovering substance abusers	4%
Life sustaining patients (ex. kidney dialysis)	1%
No disability	39%
General public	51%



Trip Purpose	Average Percent
Medical/mental health	24%
Life sustaining medical (ex. kidney dialysis)	2%
Work	30%
School/training	46%
Shopping groceries only	13%
Shopping other	7%
Recreation	31%
Nutrition/wellness program	3%
Senior center/adult daycare	2%
Religious	21%
Volunteer activities	3%
Other	25%

#### 6.2.2 Survey Results for General Public

#### Question 1



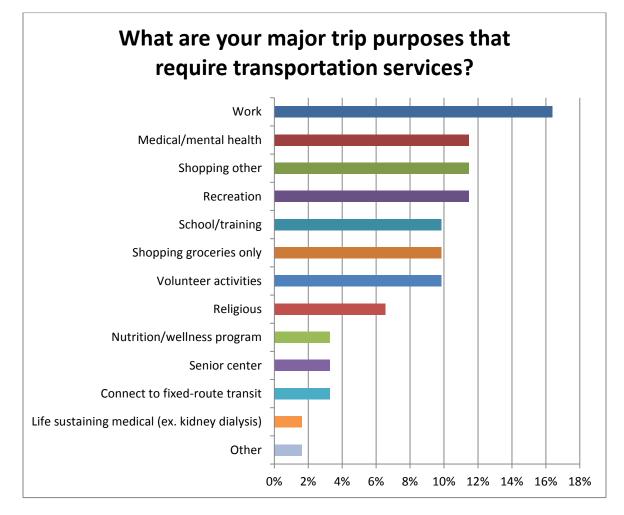
Services	Total
Fixed route bus service	10
Dial-A-Ride bus service	1
Private for-profit transportation	
provider	3
None	4
Other	2

Other responses include: family and friends, and taxi services.

Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation service?

Answers included:

- All, at various times.
- It varies.
- Morning and evening. Sometimes afternoon.
- Daily, including Sundays.
- None. Clients nights and weekends.
- Sometimes.
- Monday thru Friday, work hours 7:00 am thru 6:00 pm.
- Monday thru Friday 0700 to 1900.
- Monday through Friday, for school at WDT.
- Monday through Friday at 6:30 pm.
- Week Day, to/from work.
- 7 days a week between 7:00am and 8:00pm.



Trip Purposes	Total
Work	10
Medical/mental health	7
Shopping other	7
Recreation	7
School/training	6
Shopping groceries only	6
Volunteer activities	6
Religious	4
Nutrition/wellness program	2
Senior center	2
Connect to fixed-route transit	2
Life sustaining medical (ex. kidney dialysis)	1
Other	1

Are there any gaps in transportation service that make it difficult or impossible for you to access your destination? If so, please explain.

Answers included:

- The Department of Motor Vehicles cannot be accessed. Travel to WDT is difficult. Medical services on the West side are extremely difficult to figure out how to get to.
- No evening service and Sunday service
- Sometimes the construction changes on Jackson Blvd. Quarterly meetings.
- Needs to run on Sundays.
- Evenings
- No transportation to or from Rapid Valley area
- Would like service to airport and tech college.
- Route was cancelled.
- Not able to leave North Rapid and travel to West Rapid one way
- No
- Service needs to run longer in the evening.
- Evening and Sunday

#### Question 5

What would you recommend to reduce any gaps in service?

Answers included:

- Education. Quarterly meetings.
- No bus services anywhere on Sunday.
- Add transportation route to and from Rapid Valley area
- To have a request drop off and pickup like was offered in the past.
- Bus service that covers all through Rapid City and runs in the evening hours
- Better routes. Go back to the 20 minute system. More busses would help. Fully regular routes, with busses following the same route every time, would also be significantly easier to figure out.
- Add a night bus route.
- Longer day hours and Sundays

#### Additional comments (provided by agencies and the general public) Answers included:

- I regularly get calls from people asking for rides to dr. appointments or dialysis. While much of what we do is transporting seniors, we are not a taxi service. Our volunteers also provide companionship and one-on-one services, not just rides. The callers for transportation only I refer along to Dial-A-Ride, which is not an option they take kindly to, again because of the difficulty of timing. Apparently regular taxi service is also not a good option as it is too expensive for seniors on limited income and there is frequently not the special care needed by seniors.
- I appreciate the efforts on this. I would love to see a system in the future that provided services across the city to all clients who may need them. I am not sure that is in the near future, but I am glad we are progressing towards that.
- We have vans available for our membership daily; not for public due to insurance & liability. (#10) Educating the public is the key to usage.
   Provide written articles to publications that do not charge for the story; could be repeated every month or quarter for the benefit of new readers.
- Mt Rushmore road is entirely over-served. You don't need to send three busses up the same road at one time. The Roosevelt route is a particularly bad example of this. It only serves Star Village, SDSM&T and a small section of North Rapid, yet goes all the way up to the hospital. Reversing this route, going through North Rapid first, then past SDSM&T, then through Star Village and finally heading north on Saint Cloud Street would be much more efficient, without compromising service.
- More shelters and remove unsafe awkward stops.
- We provide education on how to use Rapid Ride to new people served by Black Hills Works and those who will be riding for the 1st time.
- Like the website idea of having a database of transportation services available in the community. We have bus tickets/passes that are generally donated by community members. Staff members distribute these tickets based on each individual's situation.
- The recent changes have created havoc done all at once new Wal-Mart not most important - service to WDT is, along with service to other areas within Rapid City, especially need services earlier to be at places by 7:00 like surgery center for cataract surgery.
- Add bus route to the valley
- This would be a most necessary lifestyle function. We live in an area that covers a vast area (many miles--25 to 100+ miles for many persons as one-way trip). This is far too many miles for walking. If people can get to

employment, they contribute to society in a positive manner. They pay taxes, purchase items that stimulate the economy--a win-win situation. Thanks for trying to improve our status by helping so many people.

- There are no transportation options for the Rapid Valley area. This creates issues for the disabled, those without their own private transportation due to economics or other reasons, in addition to the students that do or potentially could attend WDTI. I believe this is a portion of the Rapid City community that has not been considered in the past and truly hope will be considered during this updating process of the Rapid City Public Transit.
- Buses are quite small and crowded. Panhandling bums at the bus terminal downtown.
- I believe that getting individuals to and from a school trumps the three routes that serve malls.
- Community transport would greatly benefit the area seniors and maintain their independence.
- It should be much easier to get info on the bus system.
- The time frame seems to have been charged with out any notice given for the bus.

# 7. Assessment of Gaps and Needs

The gaps and needs discussed during the steering committee meetings, public meetings and the online survey have been grouped into three categories: gaps related to the existing transit system; gaps found when trying to coordinate services; and gaps in destinations. The following section lists the gaps and needs related to each category.

## 7.1 Gaps and Needs Related to the Existing Transit System in Rapid City

- Transit service times are limited:
  - Need transit to begin earlier in the morning.
  - Need transit to run later in the evening.
- Transit weekend service is limited:
  - No Sunday service.
  - Saturday service is limited to about 7 hours.
  - Need transit service on Sunday mornings for religious services.
- Bus frequency is too low.
- Rapid Transit System does not provide service outside of Rapid City city limits. Need access to:
  - o Box Elder
  - o Rapid Valley
  - Ellsworth Air Force Base
- Transit regulations are too confining:
  - Carry-on items limited to the amount that can be carried on during the initial boarding, without help from drivers.
  - o Bus rules and regulations keep some clients from riding the bus.
- Transit information is confusing or difficult to get:
  - Printed maps are hard to read.
  - Scheduling/routes are not available on Google Maps.
- Transit is too expensive for some people to use.
- Cold winters make waiting at bus stops difficult for seniors.
- Access to bus stops is difficult for persons with disabilities. Sidewalks, streets and crossings need to be more accessible for persons with disabilities.
- People would like to use the dial-a-ride system in order to have door-todoor service, but do not qualify for this service.

#### 7.2 Gaps and Needs Related to Coordination Activities

- Need qualified drivers, especially those with proper licenses and that have been through a background check.
- Need drivers who are willing to work during the hours that agencies need their service, such as in the evening and weekends.
- Need volunteer drivers with their own vehicles.
- Need vehicles with adequate child safety restraints.
- Need volunteer drivers to provide quick trips for seniors, such as to the grocery store and back.
- There are many liability concerns and questions when using volunteers. (Who will be held liable in case of a crash? Who needs insurance? How much insurance is necessary?)
- Currently, there is limited communication and sharing of resources among agencies.
- The cost of owning a vehicle is too high for many agencies.

## 7.3 Gaps and Needs Related to Destinations

The following locations were identified to need additional transportation service:

- Feeding South Dakota food bank located on Creek Drive
- National Relief Charities
- Department of Motor Vehicles
- Western Dakota Tech
- All medical facilities scattered throughout the city
- More frequency to Sioux San Hospital
- All schools
- Job training centers
- Churches
- Airport
- National American University
- Lutheran Social Services on Sheridan Lake Road
- Section 8 housing on Sheridan Lake Road across the street from Lutheran Social Services
- Areas with new development for both employees and residents
- Fort Meade
- Veteran's Affairs
- Ellsworth Air Force Base

# 8. Strategies and Priorities for Implementation

Participants in the public meetings, the steering committee and those who completed the online survey provided strategies to help fill the gaps and needs described in section 7. Strategies were grouped within the three existing categories: gaps related to the existing transit system; gaps found when trying to coordinate services; and gaps in destinations. The steering committee reviewed each strategy and classified the strategy into one of the following priorities for implementation: short-term, long-term or do not include.

#### Short-Term Priority

A short-term priority means that it is something that can be done fairly easily, inexpensively or quickly using a system that is currently in place. This strategy may already be in place, but needs additional work. It should be completed within the next couple of years.

#### Long-Term Priority

A long-term priority means that it may require a new system, will take a longer time to complete (greater than two years), and may be a costly process.

The following charts show the results of the strategies and priorities for implementation. Strategies that received a majority of responses for "do not include" are not listed in this chart.

Table 6 Existing public transit system needs/gaps, strategies, and priorities for implementation.

Needs/Gaps	Stratogios	Priority for Implementation	
Needs/Gaps	Strategies	Short- term	Long- term
<ul> <li>Transit service times are limited         <ul> <li>Need transit to begin earlier in the morning</li> <li>Need transit to run later in the evening</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Rapid Transit System to perform a cost/benefit analysis for providing additional transit service:         <ul> <li>Earlier in the morning</li> <li>Later at night</li> <li>On Sundays</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	X	
<ul> <li>Transit weekend service is limited         <ul> <li>No Sunday service</li> <li>Saturday service is limited to about 7 hours</li> <li>Need transit service on Sunday</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Rapid Transit System to work with officials in neighboring communities, such as Box Elder, Rapid Valley and Ellsworth Air Force Base to explore ways of providing transit service to those regions and other areas outside of Rapid City city limits.</li> </ol>	X	
<ul> <li>Bus frequency is too low.</li> <li>Rapid Transit System does not provide service outside of Rapid City city limits.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Create an inventory of people who need transportation to areas outside of Rapid Transit System's service area and those who are already receiving rides in those areas. Coordinate rides between these groups in order to reduce the duplication of rides.</li> </ol>		X
<ul> <li>Need access to:         <ul> <li>Box Elder</li> <li>Rapid Valley</li> <li>Ellsworth Air Force Base</li> </ul> </li> <li>Transit regulations are too confining</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Provide transit education for local agencies, especially those that serve older adults and persons with disabilities. Rapid Transit System could travel to local agencies and explain how to ride the bus, read the bus schedule and who to contact if they have questions.</li> </ol>	X	
<ul> <li>Carry-on items limited to the amount that can be carried on during the initial boarding, without help from drivers.</li> <li>Bus rules and regulations keep</li> </ul>	<ol><li>Create a volunteer buddy system to help people get familiar with using the transit system.</li></ol>	Х	
	<ol> <li>Get the transit routes on Google Maps. This will make it easier for people to plan their own trips.</li> </ol>	X	
some clients from riding the bus.	7. Review policies concerning carry-on items.	Х	
	<ol> <li>Publish public transit routes and information in the senior newspapers.</li> </ol>	Х	

<ul> <li>Transit information is confusing or difficult to get.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Continue regular coordination and communication among RTS, local agencies and transportation providers.</li> </ol>	Х	
<ul> <li>Printed maps are hard to read</li> <li>Scheduling/routes are not available on Google Maps</li> </ul>	10. Create a program where employers can assist in the payment of transit fares.	Х	
Transit is too expensive for some people to	<ol> <li>Make information about agencies willing to help pay transit fares more accessible.</li> </ol>	Х	
<ul> <li>Cold winters make waiting at bus stops</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Identify funding options that will help provide service to areas outside of Rapid City.</li> </ol>		Х
difficult for seniors.	13. Get transit information available on the Helpline Center 211.	Х	
<ul> <li>Access to bus stops is difficult for persons with disabilities. Sidewalks, streets and crossings need to be more accessible for</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Get more shelters at the bus stops in order to help comfort seniors waiting for the bus during the cold winter months.</li> </ol>		X
<ul> <li>People would like to use the dial-a-ride system in order to have door-to-door service, but do not qualify for this service.</li> </ul>	15. Create more bus stops that are ADA accessible. Create an inventory of all stops to determine which stops are ADA accessible. Bus stops that are not accessible need to be added to the City's Transition Plan.		Х
service, but do not quality for this service.	16. Increase the frequency of buses, possibly requiring more buses.		Х
	<ol> <li>Offer dial-a-ride services to those who don't currently qualify for that service.</li> </ol>		Х
	<ol> <li>Allow riders who may have a hard time navigating the streets, such as seniors and persons with disabilities, to exit the bus in-between bus stops.</li> </ol>	Х	
	19. Create a day-pass to allow riders to get on and off an unlimited number of times during a 24 hour period.	Х	
	20. Advertise "Free Ride Friday" for seniors.	Х	

Table 7 Coordination needs/gaps, strategies and priorities for implementation.

Needs/Gaps	Strategies	Priority for Implementation	
Neeus/Gaps	Strategies	Short- term	Long- term
<ul> <li>Need qualified drivers, especially those with proper licenses and that have been through a background check.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Hire a mobility manager to help coordinate services, recruit and manage volunteers, oversee compensation for drivers, and schedule rides.</li> </ol>		X
<ul> <li>Need drivers who are willing to work during the hours that agencies need their</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Create a database of volunteers, especially ones that have been pre-screened.</li> </ol>		Х
<ul><li>service, such as in the evening and weekends.</li><li>Need volunteer drivers with their own vehicles.</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Use new on-line technologies, websites or social media applications, such as <u>https://www.rideconnection.org</u>, in order to help make transportation information and services more accessible.</li> </ol>	Х	
<ul> <li>Need vehicles with adequate child safety restraints.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Share resources among agencies, including vehicles, storage facilities, maintenance, training, and drivers to lower costs.</li> </ol>		X
<ul> <li>Need volunteer drivers to provide quick trips for seniors, such as to the grocery</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Identify funding options (local, state and federal) to help reimburse volunteer drives for fuel costs.</li> </ol>	Х	
<ul> <li>store and back.</li> <li>Liability concerns and questions when</li> </ul>	<ol><li>Meet with insurance agents to learn more about liability issues related to using volunteer drivers and their vehicles.</li></ol>	Х	
using volunteers. (Who will be held liable in case of a crash? Who needs insurance? How much insurance is	<ol> <li>Schedule a teleconference to talk with an agency that has had success working with volunteer drivers. Learn from their examples.</li> </ol>	Х	
<ul> <li>necessary?)</li> <li>Currently, there is limited communication and sharing of resources among</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Research the possibility of agencies using public transit vehicles (using their own drivers and paying for their own fuel) to provide rides when transit is not in service.</li> </ol>		X
agencies.	<ol> <li>Schedule monthly or quarterly meetings for agencies and public transit to discuss coordination efforts and issues.</li> </ol>	Х	
<ul> <li>The cost of owning a vehicle is too high for many agencies.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Promote relationships between agencies to encourage coordination of services.</li> </ol>	Х	
Ē	11. Research other coordination case studies.	Х	
	12. Assess the needs and process of using volunteers	Х	
	<ol> <li>Create an educational program to help TANF recipients learn about riding the bus</li> </ol>	Х	

 Table 8 Destination needs/gaps, strategies and priorities for implementation.

Destination Needs/Gaps	Stratogias	Priority for Implementation		
Destination Needs/Gaps	Strategies	Short- term	Long- term	
<ul> <li>The following locations were identified to need additional transportation service:</li> <li>Feeding South Dakota food bank located on</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Rapid Transit to review existing routes and times to see if destinations offering medical, educational and other necessary services are located near or on the bus route.</li> </ol>	Х		
Creek Drive.     National Relief Charities	<ol> <li>Rapid Transit to coordinate run times with local schools and school activities as much as possible.</li> </ol>	Х		
<ul><li>Department of Motor Vehicles</li><li>Western Dakota Tech</li></ul>	<ol><li>Form partnerships among agencies to provide service to destinations that are not currently served by public transit.</li></ol>		Х	
<ul> <li>All medical facilities scattered throughout the city</li> <li>More frequency to Sioux San Hospital</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Discuss ways to share vehicles among churches that need vehicles on Sundays and agencies that own vehicles that are not currently used on Sundays.</li> </ol>	Х		
<ul><li>All schools</li><li>Job training centers</li><li>Churches</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Research the need to return transit service to Western Dakota Tech. Provide tripper routes to Western Dakota Tech when there is demand.</li> </ol>	Х		
<ul><li>Airport</li><li>National American University</li></ul>	<ol> <li>Provide low income families who do not have access to a vehicle with free or low-cost transportation to school and childcare.</li> </ol>		Х	
Lutheran Social Services on Sheridan Lake Road	<ol> <li>Evaluate demand periodically to determine any change in demographics and employment locations for new transit service.</li> </ol>	Х		
<ul> <li>Section 8 housing on Sheridan Lake Road across the street from Lutheran Social Services</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Create a senior volunteer system, where seniors provide transportation and educate other seniors or persons with disabilities on how to ride the bus</li> </ol>	Х		
<ul> <li>Areas with new development for both employees and residents</li> <li>Fort Meade</li> <li>Veteran's Affairs</li> <li>Ellsworth Air Force Base</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Create a localized volunteer transportation system – volunteers living in the neighborhood provide transportation to residents living in the same neighborhood to destinations nearby.</li> </ol>	Х		

# 9. Funding Sources

While Section 5310 is currently the only program that requires a coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan in order to receive federal funding, there are other funding sources available. A summary of Sections 5307, 5310, 5311, and 5339 are described below. More information about these funding sources is available at http://www.fta.dot.gov/map21/.

## 9.1 Section 5307, Urbanized Area Formula Grant

Section 5307 provides grants to Urbanized Areas for public transportation capital, planning, job access and reverse commute projects, as well as operating expenses in certain circumstances. These funds constitute a core investment in the enhancement and revitalization of public transportation systems in the nation's urbanized areas, which depend on public transportation to improve mobility and reduce congestion.

#### **Eligible Recipients**

FTA apportions funds to designated recipients, which then suballocate funds to state and local governmental authorities, including public transportation providers.

#### **Eligible Activities**

Capital projects.

- Planning.
- Job access and reverse commute projects that provide transportation to jobs and employment opportunities for welfare recipients and low income workers.
- Operating costs in areas with fewer than 200,000 in population.
- Operating costs, up to certain limits, for grantees in areas with populations greater than 200,000, and which operate a maximum of 100 buses in fixed
   route service during peak hours (rail fixed guideway excluded).

#### **Ongoing Provision**

• Recipients must expend 1% for transportation security projects or certify that it is not necessary to do so.

## Funding

- Federal share is 80% for capital assistance.
- Federal share is 50% for operating assistance.
- Federal share is 80% for Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) non-fixed-route paratransit service, using up to 10% of a recipient's apportionment.

#### Formula

• For areas of 50,000 to 199,999 in population, the formula is based on population and population density, and number of low - income individuals.

# 9.2 Section 5310, Enhance Mobility of Seniors & Individuals with Disabilities

The Section 5310 program was established in 1975 as a discretionary capital assistance program. In cases where public transit was inadequate or inappropriate, the program awards grants to private non-profit organizations to serve the transportation needs of elderly persons and persons with disabilities. Under MAP-21, Section 5310 includes activities formerly eligible under the New Freedom program (5317).

The goal of the Section 5310 program is to improve mobility for the elderly and individuals with disabilities. Toward this goal, FTA provides financial assistance for transportation services planned, designed, and implemented to meet the transportation needs of the elderly and disabled. The program requires coordination with other federally assisted programs and services in order to make the most efficient use of federal resources.

#### Eligible Recipients

- States (for all areas under 200,000 in population) and designated recipients.
- Subrecipients: states or local government authorities, private nonprofit organizations, or operators of public transportation that receive a grant indirectly through a recipient.

#### Eligible Activities

- At least 55% of program funds must be used on capital projects that are:
  - Public transportation projects planned, designed, and carried out to meet the special needs of seniors and individuals with disabilities when public transportation is insufficient, inappropriate, or unavailable.
- The remaining 45% may be used for:
  - Public transportation projects that exceed the requirements of the ADA.
  - Public transportation projects that improve access to fixed route service and decrease reliance by individuals with disabilities on complementary paratransit.
  - Alternatives to public transportation that assist seniors and individuals with disabilities.

#### Funding

- Funds are apportioned for urbanized and rural areas based on the number of seniors and individuals with disabilities.
- Federal share for capital projects (including acquisition of public transportation services) is 80%.
- Federal share for operating assistance is 50%.
- Adopts New Freedom funding allocations:
  - 60% to designated recipients in urbanized areas with a population over 200,000.
  - o 20% to states for small urbanized areas.
  - 20% to states for rural areas

#### **Ongoing Provisions**

- Local share may be derived from other federal (non-DOT) transportation sources or the Federal Lands Highways Program under 23 U.S.C. 204 (as in former Section 5310 program).
- Permits designated recipients and states to carry out competitive process to select subrecipients.
- Recipients must certify that projects selected are included in a locally developed, coordinated public transit - human services transportation plan. The plan must undergo a development and approval process that includes seniors and people with disabilities, transportation providers, among others, and is coordinated to the maximum extent possible with transportation services assisted by other federal departments and agencies.
- Permits acquisition of public transportation services as a capital expense.
- Up to 10% of program funds can be used to administer the program, to plan, and to provide technical assistance.

#### 9.3 Section 5311, Formula Grants for Rural Areas

Section 5311 provides capital, planning, and operating assistance to states to support public transportation in rural areas with populations less than 50,000, where many residents often rely on public transit to reach their destinations.

#### **Eligible Recipients**

- States, Indian tribes
- Subrecipients: State or local government authorities, nonprofit organizations, operators of public transportation or intercity bus service that receive funds indirectly through a recipient.

#### **Eligible Activities**

• Planning, capital, operating, job access and reverse commute projects, and the acquisition of public transportation services.

#### Funding

- Federal share is 80% for capital projects.
- Federal share is 50% for operating assistance.
- Federal share is 80% for Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) non-fixedroute paratransit service, using up to 10% of a recipient's apportionment. <u>Rural Formulas</u>
- 83.15% of funds apportioned based on land area and population in rural areas
- 16.85% of funds apportioned based on land area, revenue-vehicle miles, and low-income individuals in rural areas.

#### Tribal Programs

- \$5 million discretionary tribal program.
- \$25 million tribal formula program for tribes providing public transportation.
- Formula factors are vehicle revenue miles and number of low-income individuals residing on tribal lands.
   <u>Appalachian Development Public Transportation Assistance Formula</u> <u>Program</u>
- \$20 million formula program for states in the Appalachian Region.

#### 9.4 Section 5339, Bus and Bus Facilities

Section 5339 provides capital funding to replace, rehabilitate and purchase buses and related equipment and to construct bus-related facilities.

#### Eligible Recipients

- Designated recipients and states that operate or allocate funding to fixed-route bus operators.
- Subrecipients: public agencies or private nonprofit organizations engaged in public transportation, including those providing services open to a segment of the general public, as defined by age, disability, or low income.

#### Eligible Activities

• Capital projects to replace, rehabilitate and purchase buses, vans, and related equipment, and to construct bus-related facilities.

#### Funding

- \$65.5 million will be allocated, with each state receiving \$1.25 million and each territory (including D.C. and Puerto Rico) receiving \$500,000.
- Funds are available for three years after the fiscal year in which the amount is apportioned.
- Remaining formula based upon population, vehicle revenue miles and passenger miles.

• Federal share is 80% with a required 20% local match.

# **10.** Conclusion and Recommendations

This plan has shown that there are many needs and gaps when it comes to transporting people with disabilities, seniors and those with low incomes in the Rapid City region. These needs and gaps relate to insufficiencies in the existing transit system, difficulty in trying to coordinate services, and the need to access destinations located outside of existing transportation services.

Using information provided through the various forms of public involvement from many local agencies and the general public, many strategies were suggested to help solve these transportation needs.

Short-term priorities for implementing the strategies for the transit system include:

- increasing transit education and awareness;
- reviewing the need for additional transit service, such as in the evening, on Sundays and in neighboring communities; and
- creating a day-pass with unlimited trips.

Long-term priorities for implementing the strategies for the transit system include:

- increasing the number of bus shelters;
- increasing the number of ADA accessible bus stops; and
- increasing the frequency of buses.

Short-term priorities related to coordinating services include:

- using new online technologies, websites or social media to help make transportation information and services more accessible for a greater number of people and agencies;
- identifying funding options to help pay volunteer drivers for their costs;
- researching and discussing coordination efforts with agencies that have had success and are willing to share their information;
- scheduling a meeting with insurance agents to learn more about liability issues when using volunteer drivers; and
- scheduling monthly or quarterly meetings to discuss coordination efforts and issues among participating agencies.

Long-term priorities related to coordinating services include:

- hiring a mobility manager to help coordinate services,
- recruit and manage volunteers, oversee compensation for drivers, and schedule rides; and

• creating a database of volunteers, especially ones that have been prescreened.

Short-term priorities related to solving the gaps in destinations include:

- Rapid Transit System to continue to review existing routes to see if destinations offering medical, educational and other necessary services are located near or on the bus routes;
- creating a localized volunteer system where volunteers provide rides to residents living in the same neighborhood; and
- creating a senior volunteer system where seniors provide transportation or transit education to other seniors.

Long-term priorities related to solving the gaps in destinations include:

- forming partnerships among agencies to provide service to destinations not currently served by public transit; and
- providing low income families without access to a vehicle with free or lowcost transportation to school, daycare or work.

Regardless of the priorities for implementation, communication among human service agencies, transportation providers and the general public must continue in order for the strategies to be fully implemented.

# Appendix A – Inventory of Transportation Providers, Sponsors and Participating Agencies

This appendix lists the agencies that completed the online survey. Agencies are divided into three categories: direct transportation providers, agencies that fund or sponsor transportation services, and the remaining agencies that neither provide transportation nor fund transportation services. Some agencies may provide transportation services and fund transportation services.

## A-1 Direct Transportation Providers

Agency	Agency Type	Agency Serves	Days/Hours of Operation	Type of Service	Vehicle Specifications	Drivers	Trips Per Year
Airport Express Shuttle, Inc. 1720 Centre St Rapid City, SD 57703	Private for-profit transportation provider	General public	7 days a week, 24 hours a day	Transportation to and from the airport	Total number of vehicles 15 Total seating capacity 150 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 0 Total wheelchair seating capacity 0 Annual vehicle miles 700,000 Annual vehicle hours 25,000	Paid 25	12,000
Behavior Management Systems 350 Elk Street Rapid City, SD 57701	Private non- profit human services	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, Youth, General public	M-F, 8 A.M. to 4 P.M.	Site to site for BMS clients on a limited basis	Total number of vehicles 36 Total seating capacity 148 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 0 Total wheelchair seating capacity 0 Annual vehicle miles 375,000 Annual vehicle hours 5,600	Paid 50	2300
Black Hills Works 3650 Range Rd Rapid City, SD 57702	Private non- profit human services	Disabled	24 hours a day, everyday	Program transportation	Total number of vehicles 63 Total seating capacity 485 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 13 Total wheelchair seating capacity 20 Annual vehicle miles 475000 Annual vehicle hours 4320	Paid 100 Volunteer 0	140,400
Canyon Lake Senior Center 2900 Canyon Lake Drive Rapid City, SD 57702	Senior Citizens	Seniors, Disabled, Low- income, General public (membership is age 21)	M-F 8 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Special trips for entertainment	Total number of vehicles 2 Total seating capacity 16 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 1 Total wheelchair seating capacity 1 Annual vehicle miles 3000 Annual vehicle hours 150	Paid 0 Volunteer 6	
Club for Boys 320 N 4th St Rapid City, SD 57701	Private non- profit human services	Low-income, Youth	Mon, Tue, Thu, Fri 2:30 to 3:30 P.M. Wed 1:00 to 2:00 P.M.	Program transportation	Total number of vehicles 5 Total seating capacity 210 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 1 Total wheelchair seating capacity 2 Annual vehicle miles 6310 Annual vehicle hours 540	Paid 5 Volunteer 2	540

Agency	Agency Type	Agency Serves	Days/Hours of Operation	Type of Service	Vehicle Specifications	Drivers	Trips Per Year
Disabled American Veterans (DAV) 101 E Madison Rapid City, SD 57701	Veteran services	Veterans	Daily	Transportation to VA hospital in Fort Meade	Total number of vehicles 2 Total seating capacity 18	Paid 0 Volunteer 13	7000 people provided rides
Douglas School District 51-1 504 225th St Box Elder, SD, 57719	Pupil Transportation	Youth	M-F, 6 A.M. to 4:30 P.M	Fixed-route, Program transportation	Total number of vehicles 32 Total seating capacity 1627 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 5 Total wheelchair seating capacity 14 Annual vehicle miles 150000	Paid 25	348
Good Samaritan Society New Underwood Box 327 New Underwood, SD 57761	Private non- profit skilled nursing facility	Families of above	As needed	Transport residents to medical appointments and facility outings	Total number of vehicles 2 Total seating capacity 15 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 1 Total wheelchair seating capacity 2 Annual vehicle miles 12000 Annual vehicle hours 300	Paid 2	240
Prairie Hills Transit 2015 Tumble Weed Trail Spearfish, SD 57783	Public transportation provider	Seniors, Disabled, Low- income, Youth, General public	Varies per day	Demand-response (paratransit) Program transportation Medicaid Medical Transportation	Total number of vehicles 38 Total seating capacity 430 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 30 Total wheelchair seating capacity 45 Annual vehicle miles 600000 Annual vehicle hours 20800	Paid 30 Volunteer 6	150,000

Agency	Agency Type	Agency Serves	Days/Hours of Operation	Type of Service	Vehicle Specifications	Drivers	Trips Per Year
Rapid Transit System 333 Sixth Street Rapid City, SD 57702	Public transportation provider	Seniors, Disabled, Low- income, Youth, General public	M-F 6:20 A.M.to 5:50 P.M Sat 9:50 A.M.to 4:40 P.M	Fixed-route, Demand-response (paratransit)	Total number of vehicles 29 Total seating capacity 550 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 29 Total wheelchair seating capacity 58 Annual vehicle miles 577987 Annual vehicle hours 46465	Paid 33 Volunteer 0	416,812
Rural America Initiatives 919 Main St, Suite 101 Rapid City, SD 57701	Early Head Start Busing	Low-income	M-F, 7 A.M. to 4:30 P.M.	Fixed-route	Total seating capacity 16 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 0 Total wheelchair seating capacity 0 Annual vehicle miles 25 Annual vehicle hours 5	Paid 1	Did not answer
Rural America Initiatives Prenatal to Head Start 919 Main St, Suite 101 Rapid City, SD 57701	Non-profit Head Start Program	Low-income, Youth	M-F 7 A.M. to 9 A.M. 2 P.M. to 4 P.M.	Program transportation	Total number of vehicles 1 Total seating capacity 20 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 0 Total wheelchair seating capacity 0	Paid 1	Did not answer
Senior Companions of South Dakota 2040 W. Main Ste. 213 Rapid City, SD 57702	Private non- profit human services	Seniors Low-income	M-F, 8:00 A.M. to 5 P.M.	Wherever the client wants to go, groceries, doctor appointments, etc.	Total number of vehicles 8	Volunteer 8	380
Word of Hope Church 1351 Jolly Lane Rapid City, SD 57703	Church	General public	Sun 10 A.M. to 2 P.M. Tue 4 P.M. to 8 P.M Wed 5 P.M. to 8 P.M	Program transportation	Total number of vehicles 2 Total seating capacity 10 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 0 Total wheelchair seating capacity 0 Annual vehicle miles 250 Annual vehicle hours 150	Paid 0 Volunteer 2	156

Agency	Agency Type	Agency Serves	Days/Hours of Operation	Type of Service	Vehicle Specifications	Drivers	Trips Per Year
YMCA of Rapid City 815 Kansas City Street Rapid City SD 57701	Private non- profit human services	Seniors Disabled Low-income Youth General public	M-F, 7:30 to 8:30 A.M. 2:00 to 4:00 P.M.	Fixed-route	Total number of vehicles 10 Total seating capacity 120 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 1 Total wheelchair seating capacity 2	Paid 25	1,332
Youth and Family Services PO Box 2813 Rapid City, SD 57709	Private non- profit human services	Low-income, Youth	Mon-Sat 6:30 A.M. to 6 P.M	Fixed-route Program transportation	Total number of vehicles 16 Total seating capacity 433 Number of wheelchair equip. vehs. 1 Total wheelchair seating capacity 1 Annual vehicle miles 100,000 Annual vehicle hours 7,000	36 Paid staff licensed to drive	Did not answer

#### A-2 Agencies that Fund or Sponsor Transportation Services

Agency	Agency Type	Agency Serves	Type of Transportation Funding or Sponsoring
Behavior Management Systems 350 Elk Street Rapid City, SD 57701	Private non-profit human services	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, Youth, General public	Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele
Black Hills Works 3650 Range Rd Rapid City, SD 57702	Private non-profit human services	Seniors, Disabled, Youth	Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele
Canyon Lake Senior Center 2900 Canyon Lake Drive Rapid City, SD 57702	Senior Citizens	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, General public (membership is age 21)	Contract transportation services with another agency/organization
Hope Center 615 Kansas City Street Rapid City, SD 57701	Private non-profit human services	Disabled, Low-income, Homeless	Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele
Love INC of the Black Hills PO Box 3255 Rapid City, SD 57709	Private non-profit human services	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, General Public	Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele Broker transportation services by volunteers with privately owned vehicles
Lutheran Social Services 2920 Sheridan Lake Road Rapid City, SD 57702	Private non-profit human services	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, Youth, General public	Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele Provide taxi script/vouchers to clientele
Prairie Hills Transit 2015 Tumble Weed Trail Spearfish, SD 57783	Public transportation provider	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, Youth, General public	Contract transportation services with another agency/organization Contracts with non-profits, school districts
Rural America Initiatives Prenatal to Head Start 919 Main St, Suite 101 Rapid City, SD 57701	Non-profit Head Start Program	Low-income, Youth	Provide transit tickets or passes to clientele
Senior Companions of South Dakota 2040 W. Main Ste. 213 Rapid City, SD 57702	Private non-profit human services	Seniors Low-income	Broker transportation services by volunteers with privately owned vehicles
Word of Hope Church 1351 Jolly Lane Rapid City, SD 57703	Religious	General public	Broker transportation services by volunteers with privately owned vehicles

Agency	Agency Type	Agency Serves	Age Groups	Receives Funding
Rapid City People 1st 330 Philadelphia Street #106 Rapid City, SD 57701	Private non-profit human services	Disabled	18-54	No
Cathedral of Our Lady of Perpetual Help 520 Cathedral Dr. Rapid City, SD 57701	Religious Community	Seniors Disabled Low-income Youth General public	Any age	No
Minneluzahan Senior Center 315 N 4th Street Rapid City SD 57701	Private non-profit human services	Seniors, Disabled, Low-income, General public	Over 65	No

# Appendix B - Online Survey

The following section contains screen shots from the online survey. Survey results for multiple-choice questions appear in section 6.2. Results from questions related to transportation inventories for transportation providers and sponsors appear in section 5 and Appendix A. Results from questions related to gaps/needs and strategies were used in the creation of sections 7 and 8.

#### Screen shots from the online survey

Rapid City Metropolitan Planning Organization 2013 Coordinated Public
The Rapid City Metropolitan Planning Organization is creating a Coordinated Public Transit - Human Services Transportation Plan for the urbanized area of Rapid City. The plan responds to federal requirements and establishes the framework for improved transportation services for several vulnerable populations: the elderly, persons with disabilities, and persons with low-income status.
As a part of this study we are conducting a survey to better understand transportation services that are currently provided in the area. Your participation in this survey is much appreciated.
1. Do you represent an agency or organization?
C Yes
O No

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Respondents that selected "Yes" to question one are sent to question two. Respondents that selected "No" to question one are sent to question 26.

Rapid City Metro	politan Planning Orga	iniz	zation 20	)13 Coordinated	Public
*2. Tell us about	your agency or organizatio	n			
Name of agency or					
organization					
Your name					
Address					
City, State, ZIP					
Email address					
Phone number					
*3. What is the ty	/pe of agency you are repre	sen	ting?		
Government huma	n services	C	Private for-profit tra	nsportation provider	
Public transportation	on provider	0	Private for-profit hu	man service provider	
C Private non-profit h	uman services	C	None		
C Private non-profit tr	ransportation provider	C	Other		
Other (please specify)					
caner (preses specify					
*4. Who does you	ur agency serve? (Check all	l th:	at apply)		
Seniors	Low-income			General public	
Disabled	C Youth			Other	
Other (please specify)					
¥5. What age gro	up are your services design	ed	for? (Check all f	that apply)	
Under 18	55-65			Any age	
18-54	C Over 65			Other	
Other (please specify)					

Respondents that selected "Yes" for question eight are sent to question nince. Respondents that selected "No, we only fund or sponsor transportation services" are sent to question 18.

Respondents that selected "No, and we do not fund or sponnsor transportation services" for question eight are sent to question 22.

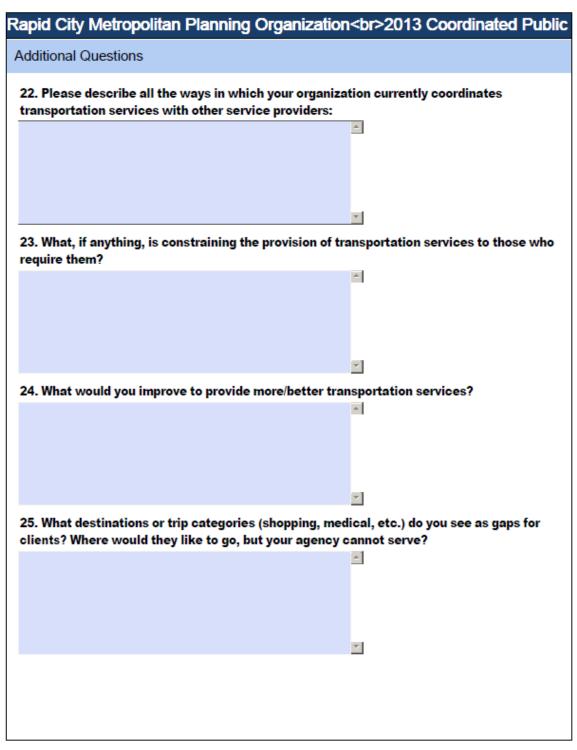
Rapid City Metr	opolitan Planning Organization 2013 Coordinated Public
Transportation P	roviders
*9. Please desc Pennington Co	
*10. What days (Check all that	each week does your agency regularly provide transportation services? apply)
Sunday	
Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	
*11. What are ye	our regular hours of operation (ex. 9am-3pm, 5pm-9pm)
Sunday	
Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	
Saturday	
*12. What service	ces do you provide? (Check all that apply)
Fixed-route	
Demand-respons	
Program transport	tation
Medicaid Medical	Transportation
C Other	
Other (please specify	

Rapid City Metro	politan Planning Org	anization 2013 Coordinated Public
*13. What types o	f vehicles does your ager	cy offer? (Check all that apply)
Car	🗖 Van	C Other
Truck	E Bus	
Other (please specify)		
*14. Vehicle speci	ifications	
Total number of vehicles		
Total seating capacity		
Number of wheelchair eq	uipped vehicles	
Total wheelchair seating	capacity	
Annual vehicle miles		
Annual vehicle hours		
≭15. How many ve	ehicles do you have in sei	vice on: (if none, put 0)
The average weekday?		
During peak periods?		
The average weekend?		
*16. How many d	rivers do you have?	
Paid		
Volunteer		
*17. How are serv	vices funded? (check all th	nat apply)
Charging clients	Donations/fu	ndraising/volunteers C Other
State funds	City	
E Federal funds	County	
Other (please specify)		

Page 5

clients?	r year does your agency provide/fund for your
1	A.
<sup>k</sup> 19. Please classify your riders/clients v (Approximate % - sum of all should tot	
eniors not disabled	
enior and disabled	
evelopmentally disabled	
ther disabled	
ecovering substance abusers	
fe sustaining patients (ex. kidney dialysis)	
o disability	
eneral public	
<sup>k</sup> 20. What are the trip purposes of the tr (Approximate % - sum of all should tot	
edical/mental health	
fe sustaining medical (ex. kidney dialysis)	
/ork	
chool/training	
hopping groceries only	
hopping other	
ecreation	
utrition/wellness program	
enior center/adult daycare	
eligious	
olunteer activities	

Rapid City Metro	politan Planning Organization 2	013 Coordinated	Public
21. What are your	top 4 destinations served?		
Destination #1			
Destination #2			
Destination #3			
Destination #4			
		Pa	ge 7



Respondents that completed this section move to question 31.

uestions for those not affiliated with an agency or organization.   6. Do you use any of the following transportation services? (Check all that apply)   Fixed route bus service   Dial-A-Ride bus service   Private non-profit human service provider   Private for-profit transportation provider   Private for-profit transportation provider   Other   7. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?	pid City N	letropolitan Planning Organization 2013 Coordinated Pub
<ul> <li>Fixed route bus service</li> <li>Dial-A-Ride bus service</li> <li>Private non-profit human service provider</li> <li>Private non-profit transportation provider</li> <li>Private for-profit human service provider</li> <li>Private for-profit transportation provider</li> <li>None</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>T. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?</li> </ul>	uestions for	those not affiliated with an agency or organization.
<ul> <li>Dial-A-Ride bus service</li> <li>Private non-profit human service provider</li> <li>Private non-profit transportation provider</li> <li>Private for-profit human service provider</li> <li>Private for-profit transportation provider</li> <li>None</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>T. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?</li> </ul>	6. Do you us	e any of the following transportation services? (Check all that apply)
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<ul> <li>Private non-profit transportation provider</li> <li>Private for-profit human service provider</li> <li>Private for-profit transportation provider</li> <li>None</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>T. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?</li> </ul>	Dial-A-Ride	bus service
<ul> <li>Private for-profit human service provider</li> <li>Private for-profit transportation provider</li> <li>None</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Thich days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?</li> </ul>	Private non-p	profit human service provider
<ul> <li>Private for-profit transportation provider</li> <li>None</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>Other</li> <li>T. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?</li> </ul>	Private non-p	profit transportation provider
None Other O	Private for-pr	rofit human service provider
Other Other (please specify) 7. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?	Private for-pr	rofit transportation provider
Other (please specify) 7. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?	None	
7. Which days of the week and what time of day do you typically require transportation ervice?	Other	
ervice?	)ther (please sp	ecify)
ervice?		

Questions 26 through 30 are for the general public (not representatives of agencies).

Rapid City Metropolitan Planning Organization 2013 Coordinated Planning Organization 	ublic
28. What are your major trip purposes that require transportation services?	
C Medical/mental health	
Life sustaining medical (ex. kidney dialysis)	
C Work	
C School/training	
C Shopping groceries only	
C Shopping other	
C Recreation	
Nutrition/wellness program	
C Senior center	
Adult daycare	
E Religious	
C Volunteer activities	
Connect to fixed-route transit	
C Other	
Other (please specify)	
29. Are there any gaps in transportation service that make it difficult or impossible for y	ou
to access your destination? If so, please explain.	
30. What would you recommend to reduce any gaps in service?	

Rapid City Metropolitan Planning Organization 2013 C	oordinated Public
Final Comments	
31. Do you have any additional comments?	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

All respondents answer question 31.

# **Appendix C - Steering Committee**

The Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan Steering Committee was comprised of representatives from local public transit agencies, human service agencies, religious organizations and senior centers. The steering committee met on April 4 and May 14. The May 14 meeting included a bus tour on Rapid Ride. Several members of the steering committee were also present at the public meetings held on April 30.

Members of the steering committee meetings discussed transportation needs and gaps for their clients and employees, as well as strategies to fill these gaps. The steering committee members also voted on the priorities for implementing the strategies suggested during the meetings and online survey.

#### **Steering Committee Members:**

Barbara Cline, Prairie Hills Transit Sandy Diegel, John T. Vucurevich Foundation Barbara Garcia, Rapid City Community Development Greg Johnson, Minneluzahan Senior Center Mark Kline, Rapid City Club for Boys John Ligtenberg, Love INC Cindy McQuilkin, Rapid Transit System David Miller, Youth and Family Services Rich Sagen, Rapid Transit System JoAnne Schriver, Black Hills Works Alan Solano, Behavior Management Systems Sandy Stanton, Rapid City YMCA Joyce Williams, Canyon Lake Senior Center

#### Invited, but unable to attend:

Bruce Long Fox, Rural America Initiatives Carol Merbach, Senior Companions of South Dakota Renee Parker, United Way of the Black Hills

#### South Dakota Department of Transportation Representatives:

Melissa Hull, in attendance via teleconference Bruce Lindholm, in attendance via teleconference

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N Sheet an Services Transportation F	Steering Committee April 4, 2012, 10:00 AM	Phone Number	343-3141	343-3500	394-1887	718-5083	343-7242	394-4181	342-4195	394-663)	11	CP96 - 3/4	H31.1634	642-6613	η
Sign-In Sheet Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan Steering Committee April 4, 2012, 10:00 AM	Steering C April 4, 2013	= 1	Totha T Vucare vice	The Club for Boy	Mignel uzahan Smior Crafter	Leve NC	SME	City / Comm Dev	Youth & Family Services	RTS	RTS	Umc A	BH Works	Prairie Nill Than	-
		Name	Sandy Diegel	Mark lling	Grea Johnson	Lhnlighenberg	Alan Solano	Barlese Garcia	David Mile	TCI CHSAGEN	Comu	Sands Slart	JUAnne Edimen	Barb Olim	

### Participants in the April 4 steering committee meeting

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Sign-In Sheet Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan Steering Committee May 14, 2012, 9:00 AM	Email Address	ish. Glove inc. us	CLECC @ hush more con	asolanoclowis Cares or	markke the club for etchos	1	Sdugel @ 140 f. mg	JOANNES OBHWSCOM				
	Phone Number	718-5683	715-8710	343-7242	343-3500	チクリートフタン	343-3141	431.1634				
	Organization	LevelNC	ayon Lap lite	13,475	The Club for Bays	الحتاج	JUF	Bluck while while ald 1834. 1634				-
0	Name	-1-halisten beg	Hoyac Milliamor	U Alan Solano	Mark Kune	Carl Meller to	Sundy Dirael	LorAnne Scheruich	)			

### Participants in the May 14 steering committee meeting

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## **Appendix D - Public Meetings**

Two public meetings were held on April 30, 2013. Postcards were sent to approximately 350 human service agencies, transportation providers, religious organizations, senior living centers, and other organizations throughout the Rapid City MPO Area, inviting them to attend one of the public meetings held on April 30. They were also encouraged to complete the online survey. The public meetings were also advertised in the Rapid City Journal and the Native Sun News.

Twenty-six people were in attendance at the 10 A.M. meeting and nine people attended the 4:00 P.M. meeting. The meeting included a discussion on the gaps and needs in transportation services for both the general public and agencies, with the focus on serving people with disabilities, individuals with low incomes and seniors. After a list of gaps and needs was developed, participants created a list of potential strategies to fill these gaps. Printed copies of the online survey were also available for participants to complete while attending the public meetings.

#### Copy of postcard sent to 350 agencies in the MPO region.



#### Affidavit from the Native Sun News

#### AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION OF NEWSPAPER NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING

THE STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

COUNTY OF Pennington

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared Travis Afraid of Benv, publisher (OR REPRESENTATIVE) of Notive Sup News, who, being by

me duly sworn, upon oath deposes and says:

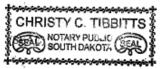
That the attached NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING was published in the NATIVE SUN NEWS, a newspaper published in the English language and of general circulation in the City of RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA and in the territory proposed to be annexed, which said territory is described in said NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING, in the following issue: <u>5</u>, <u>Volume 5</u>, 20 <u>13</u>, and that the attached newspaper clipping is a true and correct copy of said published notice.

Signed: Turi Atin Oflice

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME, this the 7th day of March

Notary Public in and for Pennington County, South Dakota

Commission expiring March 11, 2017



Published at a rate of \$\_120.00

#### Ad that appeared in the Native Sun News for the April 24-30 edition.

Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING Date: April 30, 2013 Times: 10:00 am to 11:15 am or 4:00 pm to 5:15 pm Place: 1st Floor Community Room City/School Administration Center 300 Sixth Street Rapid City SD 57701									
The Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization will hold a public meeting on April 30, 2013 to receive public input and help in developing the Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan. The meeting will discuss transportation needs, gaps and potential solutions, especially related to the transportation of persons with disabilities, the elderly and individuals with low income. Under the new Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) Transportation Law, organizations that would like to apply for funding under Section 5310, Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities, must participate in a locally developed, coordinated public transit-human services transportation plan. We encourage users to participate in developing this plan as well.									
For More Information: Nate Vander Broek, Transportation Planner Long Range Planning 300 Sixth Street Rapid City, SD 57701 605-394-4120 nate vanderbroek@rcgov.org ADA Compliance: The Rapid City Area Metropolitan	Planning Organization fully subscribes to the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act. If you desire to attend this public meeting and are in need of special accommodations, please notify the Community Planning and Development Services Department at 605-394-4120 so that appropriate auxiliary aids and services are available. To be published one time at a rate of: \$120.00								

#### Affidavit and ad from the Rapid City Journal

Apr. 28, 27 COORDINATED PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PLAN NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING Defi: April 38, 2013 Time: 10:00 em to 11:13 em of 1:00 em to 11:10 em to 11

For More Information Note Vander Broek, Transportation Plann Long Range Planning 300 Sixth Street Rapid City, SD 57701 605-394-4120 e.vanderbroek@rogov.

ADA Compliance: The Rapid City' Area Metropolitan Planning Organi-zation fully subscribes to the provi-sions of the Americans with Disabili-ties Act. If you desire to attend this public meeting and are in need of spe-cial accommodations, please notify the Community Planning and Devel-opment Services Department at Act 20.4 09 as that negrating auxiliary opment Services Department at 605-394-4120 so that appropriate auxiliary aids and services are available

(Published twice at the total at mate cost of \$63.84).

NE K. C

Affidavit of Publication

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA

County of Pennington SS:

Rowena Arthurs being first duly sworn, upon his/her oath says: That he/she is now and was at all time hereinafter mentioned, an employee of the RAPID CITY JOURNAL, a corporation of Rapid City, South Dakota, the owner and publisher of the RAPID CITY JOURNAL, a legal and daily newspaper printed and published in Rapid City, in said County of Pennington, and has full and personal knowledge of all the facts herein stated as follows: that said newspaper is and at all of the times herein mentioned has been a legal and daily newspaper with a bonafide paid circulation of at least Two Hundred copies daily, and has been printed and published in the English language, at and within an office maintained by the owner and publisher thereof, at Rapid City, in said Pennington County, and has been admitted to the United States mail under the second class mailing privilege for at least one year prior to the publication herein mentioned; that the advertisement, a printed copy of which, taken from said Rapid City Journal, the paper in which the same was published, is attached to this sheet and made a part of this affidavit, was published in said paper once each Week for two successive Weeks, the first publication there of being on the day of ADril anth that the fees charged for the publication there of are Sixtu three dollars and eighter bur cents.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this <u>294h</u> 2013. day of

Notary public

My commission expires

#### Advertisement for the April 30 public meetings

# You're invited to a public meeting!

The Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization invites you to a public meeting to discuss the update to the Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation identify community Plan. Help us transportation needs and gaps, and come up with some potential solutions for these issues, especially related the to transportation of seniors, persons with disabilities, and individuals with low income.

- What: Public meeting to discuss the Coordinated Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan
- Where: Community Room City/School Administration Center 300 Sixth Street Rapid City, SD 57701
- When: Tuesday, April 30th 10:00 -- to 11:15 am and 4:00 - 5:15 pm

Contact: 605-394-4120 for more information

ADA Compliance: Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization fully subscribes to the provisions of the American with Disabilities Act. If you desire to attend this public meeting and are in need of special accommodations, please notify the Community Planning and Development Services Department at 605-394-4120 so that appropriate auxiliary aids and services are available.

Please display this advertisement at your organization









#### Participants in the 10 A.M. public meeting

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ortation Plan Public 15 a.m. ilding 701 Phone Number	718-3326	294-1887	348.0477	1243-PIL	155-9052	341-3293	343-0650	384-9996
Public Transit-Human Services Transportation Plan Public Meeting April 30, 2013 10:00 a.m. to 11:15 a.m. Community Room, CSAC Building 300 Sixth Street, Rapid City, SD 57701 Street Address/ City/State/ZIP Phone Number	3650 Range Rd. Rapid Cily.50.	315 W. 413 Shreet	2920 Sheridan Lake Ad	353 FLIRMAT Blue.	353 fairment zud RC SD	537 Winey	111 n St	M NONTHAF
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Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization 2013 Coordinated Public Transit - Human Services Transportation Plan Update

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ë	Printed Name	Hazel Burned Froster	Bred Sachall	@ Bols Trushy	Goi Castle		Domedy Jack		

Rapid City Area Metropolitan Planning Organization 2013 Coordinated Public Transit - Human Services Transportation Plan Update

#### Participants in the 4 P.M. public meeting

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