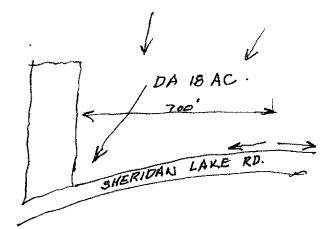
Ditch Capacity - Sheridan Lake Road

Area north of SL.R. & East of Johnson.



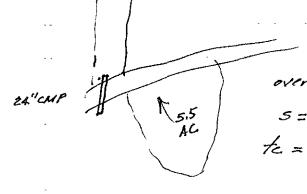
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Rapid City Growth Management Department

overland flow in sheet fashion l=1/00' 5 = 100/1100 = .0.9 9.1% V=0.75 fps tc = 1100 = 24 Min. troo = 5.03 c = 0.37 $Q=.37 \times 5.03 \times 18 = 33.5$ cfs.

Area South



overland flow l= 650' 5=85/650 = 13% V=.9 fps te = 650 = 12' i po = 7.01

Q = 137x 7.01x 5.5 = 14.2 cfs.

. Horth Ditch

As flow enters our site from the east, the ditch section widens on to this lot.

At clev 95.5, $A = 61, P = 65, R = 0.94, R^{2/3} = 0.96$ 5 = 2/33 = .0606, 5'2 = 0.24, n = 0.37 V = 0.67 fps, Q = 56 > 33.5 orWe widen the drainage casement to cover

this area,

At the common approach that will serve the two lots, the combined flows (33.5 cfs ditch & 37 cfs site) of 70.5 cfs are directed south across Sheridan Lake Road in a 24" Dia. CMP culvert. With inlet control of 2 Dia. head, the pipe will carry 30 cfs., leaving 40 cfs to spill over the approach. This approach acts as a broad crested weir.

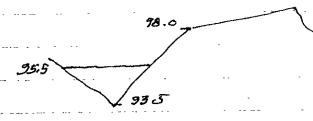
At the point where spillage would begin to cross the highway, the approach section is 43' wide with a mean depth of 0.46'

At q=3h, q=0.93 cfs perft. and
Q=.33xA3 = 40 cfs = to the spill rate.

The highway will not be inundated.

Considering that the contributing drainage areas are fairly small and that the peak flow is fairly quickly diminished, we consider the rare approach spillover to be an acceptable risk.

South Ditch



At 95.5, A = 24, P = 28, R = 0.86, $R^{43} = 0.90$, 5 = 2/52, = 0.38, $5^{12} = 0.196$, n = 0.37, V = 0.7 fps, Q = 19.7 cfs 7/4.2

The freeboard of 2.5 ff will easily the 30 cfs added by the cross-culverte



